PRISTINA (R) - The head of the Yugoslav forensic team examining the bodies of 40 ethnic Albanians who the West says were massacred by Serb police said on Tuesday they bore no signs of having been executed. "Not a single body bears any sign of execution." Sasa Dobricanin told Reuters. The bodies were not massacred." Dobricanin said the autopsy would probably take three to four days. "It is going very, very slowly," he said. He said, however, that it was already clear that William Walker, head of the international monitors in Kosovo, had been mistaken. Walker had accused the Serb police of executing at least 20 of the victims, who were killed on Friday. "But the main thing which is already obvious is that Walker was wrong when he said these people were massacred." Dobricanin said (see earlier stories on page 4).

Number 7049

AMMAN WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999, SHAWWAL 3, 1419

Price: Jordan 200 Fils

## Hundreds of thousands greet King on his return





His Majesty King Hussein, accompanied by Her Majesty Queen Noor, greets His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan after his return to Anuman (AP photo). The King offers a prayer of thanksgiving following his safe return to Jordan (Photo by Yousef 'Allan)

## Jordanians undeterred by rain, weather in celebrating King's return

By Ahmad Khatib

AMMAN — Neither the rainfall nor the chilly weather could prevent hunweather could prevent hundreds of thousands of Jor-🖖 danians from thronging the streets to welcome His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday, following his anival in Amman after cancer chemotherapy in

Men, women, children, boy scouts, students and traditional folk groups from all over the country The lebrated the King's return by singing, dancing, beating drums and waving banners that said "Long live Al Hussein." Thank God for His Majesty's greturn" and "We sacrifice our soul and blood for you [King Hussein]."

In the streets of downlown, crowds challenged driving rain and cold weather chanting Hashmi Hashmi," a popular song honouring King Hussein's honouring King Hussem, the urgin from Hashem, the Prophet grandfather of Prophet Mohammad, while shopkeepers offered sweets and coffee to passers-by and a A folk dancing troupe twirled swords and played bag-

"Look at the rain, even heaven is celebrating His Majesty's blessed return. No words can describe this moment," one vendor told the Iordan Times, while he danced carefree in his drenched clothes.

The government Saturday officially announced a state of drought and plans 10 cope with the problem lafter months of low amounts of rainfall.

Aing Hussein, piloting plane, which was circled the airport and cover the capital before ding yesterday at 3 p.m.

The rain did not stop the King from standing up through his limousine's large sunroof to wave to the jubilant crowds as he made his way through a 25-kilometre route to his home in western Amman.

Jordanians lined the route to catch a glimpse of their King. Children were heedless of the rain while they were

clapping, singing and, some of them, crying. "I'm crying because for once I thought I might lose our King and father," said

one orphaned child, his cheeks flushed red from tears, rain and cold. Well-wishers sang and

threw flowers as the Royal motorcade passed through the streets decorated with coloured lights, flags and banners proclaiming "Welcome Back Al Hussein" and "You Return Like the Soul to The Body."

Downtown shopkeepers said they were optimistic that their businesses will flourish with the King's

"With His Majesty's homecoming, I have a strong feeling that my sales are about to improve after months of an uncertain economic situation," said a boutique owner.

On Sunday, King Hussein, in an address to the nation from London. declared his full recovery and announced that he planned to launch a comprehensive review of the country's progress and

challenges facing it. "Whatever His Majesty decides to do, we will be supporting him all the way as he is our King and leader, and we believe he will achieve the best for our nation," a young lawyer said in a comment on the King's announce-

King Hussein left Jordan

#### in mid-July to undergo treatment Hodgkin's lymphoma. The 63-year-old King received a clean bill of health after a stem-cell transplant at the Mayo Clinic in Rochester.

Minnesota, in the U.S. Soldiers trying to keep eager crowds at bay along the sidewalks yesterday were unable to convince an old woman that, like everyone else, she had to greet King Hussein from the sidewalk. After minutes of gestures and negotiations, the good-natured soldiers gave in, and the hajjeh remained in the street as

motorcade cruised by. Buildings were decorated with the King's pictures, huge flags and

series of flashing lights. Bedouin leaders pitched tents in some streets and brought in camels and sheep to slaughter in a traditional sacrificial gesture.

Talk shows on the radio and television have been swamped with calls from Jordanians declaring allegiance to the King.

Al Hashmiyeh Square and public parks were iammed with celebrants. who included members of the Circassian and Iraqi Assyrian communities dancing and singing tradi-

tional songs. Emotions ran high also in Palestinian refugee camps, where hundreds of people joined the celebrations and chanted slogans praising King Hussein.

Similar activities took place in all districts around the Kingdom as part of the celebrations, which started long before the leader's planned arrival, the largest in Amman since September 1992, when the country welcomed King Hussein after his first cancer surgery in the U.S.

## King welcomed home by Royal family, foreign leaders and citizens

King Hussein returned to Jordan vesterday to a jubilant reception from his family, local and foreign dignitaries and citizens who have been eager to see the Hashemite leader after six months of absence from the

Moments after piloting his G-4 plane into Marka mili- job." tary airport, the King stepped down from the aircraft and prayed.

It was the first time he had touched Jordanian soil since he left the country last July for the U.S., where he underwent chemotherapy to treat non-Hodgkins lym-

Accompanied by Her and the future and for the Majesty Queen Noor, who Jordanian people." has been at the King's side throughout his half-year ordeal, King Hussein embraced his family and was welcomed by scores of senior officials, Parliament members, diplomats and

other dignituries. by Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat, Qatari Emir Sheikh Hamad Ben Khalifa Al Thani and Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh, who came just to participate in Jordan's celebrations of the

King's homecoming. The King's aircraft was escorted as it entered Jordan's airspace by 12 F-16 and Mirage jet fighters.

Speaking to reporters shortly after his return, King Hussein announced that there is "a lot to be done" to consolidate the future of

"Every now and then we have to review, we have to see what needs to be done to consolidate the country to make people feet more comfortable and more confident in the future," said the King in his first statement to the media after arriving. The King expressed his

deep appreciation and

thanks to the Jordanian peo-

By Caroline Faraj ple for the overwhelming affection and welcome accorded him following his extended absence.

"I appreciate everything that my deputy did while I was away... giving it his best," said the King. acknowledging Crown Prince Hassan, who

stood at his side. He said "the government so far has done a very good

King Hussein said the torthcoming decisions would be taken "here (in Amman], after study and deliberation, God willing."

"The coming stage requires careful study so that the right decisions can be taken with a sense of responsibility for the present

Speaking on his months of treatment. King Hussein thanked Queen Noor, whom he said "has been through a lot... and has had to deal with unpleasant surprises."

The fact is that my small Jordanian family was with The King was also greeted me and beside me, in partieular Her Majesty Queen Noor, who suffered with me a great deal as I did in the face of the unpleasant sur-

prises of illness." The King also expressed his pride in the Hashemite family saying, "My brother Prince Mohammad and my sister Princess Basma have donated blood for me as did my children, particularly Prince Hamzeh, who is not among us today as he is undergoing training at Sandhurst military academy. They have not left me a single moment throughout the

whole period." King Hussein praised the Jordanian family's unity. saying, "We hope that the future will hold everything good for us."

He expressed deep pride in his brothers, the leaders and kings of the Arab and friendly nations who visited him in the U.S. and maintained contact with him.

### Monarch receives messages of congratulations from world leaders

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesry King Hussein on Tuesday received telephone calls from Syrian President Hafez Assad and Saudi Crown Prince Abdullah Ben Abdul Aziz, who congratulated him on his recovery and safe

President Assad and Prince Abdullah expressed their heartfelt congratulations to the King and the Jordanian people and wished the King continued good health and happiness. King Hussein expressed thanks and appreci-

ation to President Assad and Prince Abdullah for their congratulations and brotherly feelings. The King also received messages from several world leaders congratulating him on his

recovery and safe return home. The King received cables from Tunisian President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali, Sudanese President Omar Hassan Bashir, Venezuelan President Rafael Caldera, Iranian President Mohammad Khatami, Uzbekistan President Islam Karimov, and Israeli Prime Minister Benyamin Netanyahu. The leaders expressed their heartfelt congratulations to the King and wished him continued good health and happi-

King Hussein received a message from French President Jacques Chirac congratulating him on his recovery and safe return home.

will try to contact them all...

Libya's leader Muammar

Qadhafi, my brothers in

Saudi Arabia, and Prince

Abdullah [of Saudi Arabia]

has overwhelmed me with

his kindness. I came to

know him more than any

time in the past... a true Arab

in the full sense of the word.

as well as King Fahd Ben

Abdul Aziz, Prince Sultan...

all of them in the Arabian

Gulf, in addition to Presi-

dent Mubarak, King Hassan

of Morocco my cousin, the

brothers in Tunisia and

Algeria and elsewhere. They

maintained constant contact

his arrival, the King rode

with me, thank God."

the occasion.

In his message, President Chirac said: "I would like to share with the Jordanian people their joy over your return home. I am extremely happy with your recovery. The Middle East and the Arab World are more than at any time in the past facing a crossroads, and they are looking forward towards peace and stability and are in need of your wisdom, advice and ini-

"Your Majesty were able during the Wye River negotiations to convince others of the need for peace through negotiations and for guaranteeing the future and security in Palestine as well as in Israel, but the last few months have regrettably missed that goal," said the

French president. Welcoming the King's visit to France, to take place this year, President Chirac said that France is proud and happy over the expected visit, adding: "You have touched the hearts of the French people, and I would like to express my deep appreciation and true affection and that of my wife to you and to Her Majesty

The King also received congratulatory cables from Prime Minister Fayez Tarawneh, Amman Mayor Nidal Hadid, and the director general of the Civil Defence Department, Major General Theeb Maani.

Amman cheered by citizens young and old along the 25km route to his home, Bab Al Salam, in Hummar. For most of the ride and through a cold rain, the King stood waving to the crowds through the sunroof of his limousine, with Queen Noor seated at his side.

The King left Tuesday morning from London, where he had been recuperating since being discharged from the Mayo Clinic in the United States.

His doctors there said he was fully recovered. The King is expected to return to the Mayo for check-ups in

King Hussein also thanked More foreign dignitaries the leaders of the Arab and are expected to arrive in friendly countries who were Amman in the coming days on hand to welcome him or to congratulate King Hushad sent representatives for sein on his recovery and safe

About half an hour after return. Crown Prince and Defence through the capital.

In this respect, he said, "I through the streets of Minister General Sheikh Mohammad Ben Rashid Al Maktoum is due to visit Jordan today to convey to the King the greetings of the emir of the United Arab Emirates, Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan, and vice president, prime minister and ruler of Dubai. Sheikh Maktoum Ben Rashid Al Maktoum.

Sheikh Mohammad will be accompanied by a highlevel delegation.

Another senior Bahrain official is expected to arrive today in Amman to congratulate the King on his recovery and safe return.

The King's return brought around 250 foreign journalists to Amman to report on the homecoming. World networks like CNN had live coverage of the King's arrival and motorcade

## Ex-U.N. official says sanctions on Iraq amount to 'genocide'

PARIS (R) — The former coordinator of the United Nations oil-for-food programme in Iraq said on Tuesday U.N. sanctions amounted to genocide and ending them would do more to weaken the Iraqi leadership than maintaining them.

Denis Halliday, an Irishman and self-described pacifist who resigned in protest at U.N. policies in Iraq last September after more than 30 years at the agency, praised a French plan to ease international sanctions on Baghdad.

But, in an appearance before the French National Assembly's Franco-Iraq Study Group, he said U.N. members must do even more to assist Baghdad and urged them to help finance Iraq's reconstruction, which he said

would cost \$50-60 billion. He also urged the United Nations to postpone Iraq's reparation payments, imposed after its 1990 invasion of

Kuwait, "until the death of

Iraqi children ceases.'

"I don't like the word genocide. I think it's perhaps too dramatic. But the fact is, can you find a better word to describe this sort of catastrophe?" he told Reuters followhis parliamentary

Halliday, 57, is touring Europe to lobby for an end to the U.N. sanctions, which he blames for the death of 5,000 to 6,000 Iraqis a month and as many as 600,000 children since 1990. He was in Rome last week

and heads for Britain on Sat-Paris has proposed phasing

out the U.N. ban on Iraqi oil sales, replacing obtrusive weapons inspections with a looser system of arms monitoring, and continuing supervision of how Iraq spends the money it earns from oil exports

Halliday said sanctions had only strengthened Iraqi President Saddam Hussein. "If the embargo was removed. Saddam Hussein would be weakened and in due course an opposition can perhaps grow within the country, he told

the parliamentary group. The Paris plan has been warmly praised by Security Council members China and Russia but got a cooler reception from Britain and the United States, which want to be sure Iraq has destroyed all its weapons of mass destruction before lifting the embar-

"The responsibility for this chaos must be shared by all of us who are members of the United Nations, and particularly the United States and the United Kingdom," which bombed Iraq last month over its refusal to cooperate with U.N. weapons inspectors, said

"I can't imagine what [British Prime Minister] Tony Blair was doing, because he seems to have isolated himself not only in Europe but in Britain," he added.

French deputy Roselyne Bachelot-Narquin. organised Tuesday's hearing. said six deputies would travel to Iraq on Jan. 28 for a weeklong visit to review the humanitarian situation and assess the damage from last



PALESTINIAN PRISONERS RELEASED: Palestinian prisoners Tuesday carry a model of the Dome of the Rock while they wait to be allowed to go home after they were released from an Israeli jail. Israel agreed to free some 30 Palestinian prisoners as a gesture of goodwill for the Eid Al Fitr festival marking the end of Ramadan

### Second break-in at offices of Barak's advisor

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Capitol Hill offices of a prominent Democratic pollster advising Ehud Barak, a candidate for prime minister of Israel, apparently have been burglarised for the second time in a week, according to Metropolitan

An employee of Greenberg Quilan Inc. discovered the apparent break-in about 6:45 a.m., said police spokesman Sgt. Joe Gentile. Police say the offices were broken into sometime after 4 p.m. Monday.

"It appears burglars entered the offices through a side skylight window on the second floor," Gentile

The firm, which is advising the campaign of Barak. a leading opposition candidate to Israeli Prime Minister Benyamin Netanvahu,

was burglarised last week. Netanyahu's Likud Party denied any involvement in the earlier incident which had been dubbed the "Israeli Watergate" Washington and Jerusalem, in a reference to the burglary of Democratic Party headquarters at the Watergate office building that led to President Richard Nixon's 1974 resignation. It had been the most recent in

PROGRAMME TWO

### Khatami seen as winner in row with state television

run television came under fire on Tuesday over an interview with a conservative cleric who had accused backers of President Mohammad Khatami of being behind a series of murders of moderate intellectuals.

A top state committee condemned the television station for the interview and demanded that those responsible for the programme be punished.

Iranian analysts saw the decision as a victory for the moderate president over the conservative-run state media and another step forward for his liberal political and cultural reforms.

The interview, which included no rebuttal, had provoked a strong reaction by moderate groups. Khatami's cabinet banned Ali Larijani, the head of the television and radio, from attending its meetings and demanded an apolo-

Khatami welcomed the ruling of the committee, set up in agreement with Larijani, and suggested that the media chief was again welcome to attend cabinet meetings, the television said.

Khatami, who has advocat-

ed granting greater liberties, also expressed hope in a statement that Iran's "atmosphere of criticism and freedom of speech... would not become a place for baseless judgements or libel and abusive language," it added.

Iranian political analysts said the roling against the television, whose head is named by Iran's supreme leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, was unprecedented.

Khamenei outranks Khata-

"This is another step forward for Khatami's reforms... Up to now, the radio and television had obstinately carried one-sided programmes without any accountability to the public." said Iraj Jamshidi. editor of the business daily Abrar-e Eqtesadi.

Conservatives still hold key levers of power -- including the armed and security forces, courts and state media despite Khatami's wide popularity after his 1997 landslide election.

"This is the first time the government, which does not control the radio and television, has managed to force the head of these media to say he

did not know about a programme in order to avoid further pressure from public opinion, the press and Khata-mi's supporters," Jamshidi told Reuters.

The state committee said Larijani was not informed about the interview, which was seen by moderates as an attempt by conservatives to deflect charges that the murders were part of a plan by bardliners to destabilise Khatami's government.

Ten people, including agents of the conservative-run secret police, have been held for alleged involvement in the

At least two outspoken dissidents and two liberal writers were killed by death-squads. A third author died under mysterious circumstances and . a fourth is missing and presumed dead.

A committee set up by Khatami to investigate the murders said on Sunday that none of Iran's mainstream factions was behind the killings. On Monday Khamenei

called on conservatives and moderates to end their bitter in Rome. row over the political mur-

### **PKK** will attack Turkish cities, spokesman says

ATHENS (AP) — A Kurdish rebel leader is threatening intensified attacks inside Turkey and says his group

will target major cities.

Kani Yilmaz, identified as European spokesman for the Kurdish Labour Party, or PKK, made the remarks in an interview to the Athens daily Ethnos. Kani Yilmaz is an alias used by Faysal Dunlayichi, who has in the past served as the PKK's European spokesman, according to the Kurdish sources.

"The expansion of the war inside Turkey must be considered certain," he told Eth-

The 15-year fight for autonomy by Kurdish rebels moved onto the international stage in November following the arrest of the PKK's leader

Abdullah Ocalan sought political asylum and tried to gather political support in Europe.

But he left Italy last week for an undisclosed location. Greek newspapers reported Ocalan was in Belarus, but his precise whereabouts are unknown.

The conflict between the PKK and Turkish military has killed about 37,000 people. But Ocalan suggested the PKK would call off its armed struggle and seek political pressure on Turkey, which regards the PKK as a terrorist group.

The comments by Yilmaz in the Ethnos interview, however, give an entirely different picture of the PKK's

According to the newspaper, Yilmaz said Ankara. İstanbul and the coastal city of Izmir will be targeted by the group. A final decision will be made at a PKK conference next month, he said.

### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

'Iran wants to buy U.S. commodities'

WASHINGTON (AFP) - Iran in December placed an order for more than \$500 million worth of U.S. grain and sugar, which is under consideration by the U.S. government, The Washington Post said Tuesday. Some administration officials told the daily the grain purchase order may be an artifice, aimed at setting the precedent of an approved transaction without consummating a deal, since Iran could purchase some of the commodities from other countries at cheaper prices. The request, submitted to the Treasury Department on Dec. 14, is for two million tonnes of wheat, 400,000 tonnes of com, 300,000 tonnes of rice. 400,000 tonnes of sugar and 200,000 tonnes of soy bean meal. the daily said.

#### Supporters of dissident Iranian arrested

TEHRAN (AFP) — Several supporters of dissident Ayatollah Hussein Ali Montazeri, the disgraced former their to Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomenei, have been arrested in the central city of Esfahan, a newspaper reported Tuesday. "Several people were arrested after shouting slogans in favour of Ayatollah Montazeri," said the radical newspaper Salam. It said the arrests took place on Monday after prayers for Eid Al Fitr marking the end of the Holy Month of Ramadan. The paper said some 70,000 worshippers had attended the prayer service in Esfahan on Monday addressed by Ayatollah Jalaleddin Taheri, a senior cleric considered a supporter of Montazeri and reformist President Mohammad Khatami.

#### Irish, Israeli PMs hold talks

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Irish Prime Minister Bertie Ahem met Tuesday with Israeli Prime Minister Benyamin Netanyahu at the start of a two-day visit which will also include talks with Palestinian President Yasser Arafat. As Ahem arrived at the prime minister's office in Jerusalem. Netanyahu said he would give him a message to deliver to Arafat to the effect that if the Palestinians stick to their commitments under October's Wve River agreement then there could be progress in the peace talks.

#### Hostages held in Yemen over jailed tribesman

SANAA (AFP) — The tribal kidnappers of a Dutch family and British couple in Yemen are demanding the release of a jailed tribesman, a Dutch diplomat said Tuesday. "The kidnappers' demand, it seems, is for the release of a tribe member in prison," said Pieter Dorst, deputy head of mission at the Netherlands embassy. "The [Yemeni] government is in touch with them [the kidnappers]," Dorst told AFP. He declined to give details on the mediation efforts, in the second such kidnapping this month.

11:00

12:00

12:15.

19:35

19:45 .....

20:00 Riyadh. Dhahran (RJ)

20:15 ....Bahrain, Doha (RJ)

20:15 .....Bombay (RJ)

20:25 .....Cairo (RJ)

20:35 .....New Delhi (RJ)

21:00 ...Calcutta, Bangkok (RJ)

21:15 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)

00:40 .....Sanaa (RJ)

### Ultra-Orthodox rabbi unveils Palestinian peace proposal

TEL AVIV (AFP) - An ultra-Orthodox rabbi put forward a radical peace proposal Tuesday suggesting Israel allow the creation of a Palestinian state with Arab east Jerusalem as its capital in exchange for Palestinian acceptance of massive Jewish settlement of the West Bank.

The plan was drawn up by Rabbi Yaakov Shulewitz, a close aide to the a series of break-ins at homes and offices of Barak influential spiritual leader of the Degel Hatora party, Rabbi Eliezer Shach.

"This project is aimed at reassuring the [Jewish] settlers while remaining loyal to the thinking of Rabbi Shach. Shulewitz told AFP.

The peace proposal calls for Israel to permit the creation of an independent Palestinian state in the Gaza Strip and parts of the West Bank.

It foresees a major expansion of the municipal boundaries of Jerusalem to include nearby Jewish settlements on the West Bank while at the same time

granting Palestinians control over Arab sectors of occupied east Jerusalem. In exchange, Israel would demand

the right for several hundred thousand more Jews to live on the West Bank under Israeli jurisdiction. The plan as outlined by Shulewitz

did not mention precise boundaries for the Palestinian state or specific areas for settlement by Jews on the West Bank.

"Rabbi Shach has never opposed the

West Bank," he said.

"According to Rabbi Shach, the West Bank is a territory occupied militarily by Israel and not given by God, so a withdrawal poses no theological problems," he said.

Degel Hatorah is one of two ultra-Orthodox factions in the United Torah Judaism Party which makes up part of Minister Benyamin Prime Netanyahu's ruling coalition.

#### aides and advisers. JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR JORDAN TELEVISION Tel. 4773111-19

12:00 "The Adventures of
Huckleberry Fin"
01:00Cartoon 'Red Beard'
01:30 Feature Film 'Heck's
Way Home*
15:00 The American Chat Show
15:45Circus
16:15Vid Kids
15:00French Varieties
18:15Omar Ben Abdul Aziz
20000
19:00Le Journal
19:15French programme
19:30News Headlines
19:35 Comedy - 2 Point 4
Children
20:00 Envove Special of
French Prog.
20:30Drama NYPD
21:30 Mini Series 'playing the
Field' Eps. 4
22:00News in English
22:00 Feature Film "With a song
in My Heart"

#### PRAYER TIMES

	ļ
Faj	05:10
(Suntise)Duh	06:31
Dhuh	11:46
'As	14:38
Maghre	17:02.
	,

#### CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieh, Tel. 5920740 Assemblies of God Church Tel. Anglican Church 4624853/4624811. St. Afrem Syrian Orthodox Church Tel. 4771751. Amman International Church

St. Joseph Church Tel. 4624590

Terra Sancta Church Tel.

German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 5688404 The Evangelical Local Church in Amman Tel. 5811295 Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints Tel. 4654932 St. John the Baptist at De la Saile College Tel. 5661757 Church of the Annunciation

Greek Orthodox Church Tel. 4646138 Church of Presentation, Sweifieh Tel. 5920146 The Uniate Catholic Church

Tel. 4637440

TeL 4624757 English-Language Catholic Parish Tel. 4614190 Evangelical Free Church Tel. 4892679 The Baptist Church Tel. 4628052 Armenian

The Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 4775261

Church Tel. 4771331

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology

It will be cold, cloudy and rainy with snow expected to fall over areas that are 1200 metres above sea level. Winds westerly moderate to active. In Anaba, it will be partly cloudy with expected scattered showers. Winds northerly moderate and seas calm.

04/09 .11/20 Agaba ... .04/11 Deserts Jordan Valley ..11/18

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 08, Aqaba 20 Humidity readings: Amman 90 per cent. Aqaba 35 per

Following are the temperatures expected today in the following areas: .03/10

.04/11 Jerash **Um Oavs** .03/10 Madaba Petra .. Dead Sea

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Abdul Hadi Tayyim...4620115 Dr. Wissam Hzayyin 4748563 Dr. Omar Yassin......5336221

Dr. Khalid Abdo .....4657129 AMMAN: Firas Pharmacy .....5661912 Al Salam Pharmacy 4636730 Mayadah Pharmacy ...5537004 Rukn Al Dawa Pharmacy 5536169

Dr. Ghazi Ta'amneh (02)250080 Fou'ad Pharmacy .(02)275360

TRBID:

Dr. Salah Saffarini (09)987565 Palestine Pharmacy..(09)983562

### **EMERGENCIES**

Food Control Centre.....4637111 Civil Defence Department 5661111 Civil Defence Immediate Res-Civil Defence Emergency.....199 Rescue Police 192, 4621111, 4637777 Fire Brigade... .4617101 Blood Bank.. 4775121 ..5343402 Highway Police.... Traffic olice.. ...4896390 Public Security Dept....4630321 Hotel Complaints.....5605800 Price Complaints.....5661176 Water & Sewerage Complaints 4897467 Amman Municipality Com-. 4787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance) . ...0132 Overseas Calls . Central Amman Telephone Repairs ,4623101 ...5661101 Jordan Television ...... 4773111 Radio Jordan .... .4774111

Water Authority .....

...5680100

J. Electricity Authority .5815615 Electric Power Co.... ....4636381 RJ Flight Information 44-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport ...44-53200

#### HOSPITALS

The Arab Centre for Heart and Spe-

AMMAN:

cial Surgery ..... ...5921199 The Islamic. Abdli ......5666131/7 Hussein Medical Centre...5856856 Luzmila . .4630195 Khalidi Maternity.... .4644281/6 Akileh Maternity.......4642441/2 labal Amman Maternity...4642362 Malhas, J. Amman. .....4636140 Palestine, Shmeisani .....5607071 Shmeisani Hospital ..... ...5607431 Jordan Hospital ..... \_5607550 University Hospital ......5353444 Al-Mussher Hospital 5667227/9 Al-Ahli, Abdali ......5664164/6 Italian, Al-Muhajreen 4777101/3 \_4775111**/2**6 Al-Rashir.... Army, Marka ...4891611/15 Queen Alia Hospital......5157100 Amal Hospital .....5607155 Al Amal Cancer Centre ..5353000

ZAROA: Govt. Hospital (09)983323 National Hospital ..(09)900560 Ibn Sina Hospital .....(09)986731 Al Hikma Modern Hospital

IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital

..(02)275555 Hospital Roman Catholic ...(02)272275 Nafees Hospital ..(02)7101372, (02)7103101 Sisters Hospital ..(02)7102831, (02)7102011 Speciality Hospital ......(02)7103100

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)2014111

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (44)53200-5, where it should always be verified. Information on other flights can be supplied on phone 44 (52700). Information on Royal Wings flights can be supplied on phone 4875201-5

#### ARRIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights 07:30 08:35 ...Jeddah (RJ) 08:50 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 09:55 ...Larnaca (RJ) New York, Amsterdam (RJ) 16:25 ..London (RJ) 17:00 .....Jeddah (add) (RJ) 17:30 ...Madrid, Geneva (RJ) 17:55 Frankfurt, Vienna (RJ) 18:10 ..Rome (RJ) 18:50 Istanbul (RJ) 18:15 Berlin (RJ) 23:10 ...Beirut (RJ) 00:04 ..Cairo (RJ) Other Flights

(MS) Cairo 10:30 Jeddah (SV) 12:20 .Kuwait (KU) 13:10 ...Tunis (TU) .Bahrain (GF) 13:20 14:05 ..Rome (AZ) 15:05 .Vienna (OS) 15:30 .Algiers (AH) 18:05 Karachi, Abu Dhabi (PK) 18:40 ....Beirut (ME) 19:15 .Frankfurt (LH) 00:55 London, Damascus (BA) 01:25 ..Athens (OA) 02:00 ..Rome (AZ)

Royal Wings (RW) Flights 09:30 Aqaba (arriving at QAIA) 10:10. Aqaba (arriving at Marka

Airport) (RW)

16:00...Aqaba (arriving at Marka Airport) (RW) 18:30 Haifa (arriving at QAIA) Tel Aviv (arriving at 18:45 QAIA) (RW)

22:50 Aquba (arriving at Marka

Airport) (RW DEPARTURES

06:50 Lamaca (RJ) 08:25 Amsterdam, New York (RJ)

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# Jordan welcomes King Hussein



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AT LONG LAST, KING HUSSEIN RETURNS TO JORDAN: Top row: From left to right, Their Royal Highnesses Prince Hashem, Princess Haya and Prince Ali Ben Hussein wait to greet His Majesty King Hussein at Marka Airport; King Hussein waves to Jordanians from his motorcade; His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Her Royal Highness Princess Basma wait to greet King Hussein: Row 2: From left to right, His Majesty King Hussein steps onto Jordanian soil for the first time in six months; King Hussein peers through the top of his car in the Royal Motorcade: Rows 3 and 4: Jordanians throng the streets in anticipation of King Hussein's cruise through the city on the way to Bab Al Salam Palace (Photos by Yousef 'Allan, Associated Press and Agence France Presse)

## **Divided Security** Council fails to pin massacre blame

UNITED NATIONS (AP) national war crimes tri-— The U.N. Security bunal, and called on the Council has strongly condemned the massacre of 45 ethnic Albanians in Kosovo but pointedly refrained from pinning responsibility for the killings on any one

The council scheduled a second meeting to consider more condemnations and calls for Yugoslav President Slobodan Milosevic to cooperate with war crimes investigators and peace

But there was virtually no chance the council would agree to "quick and effec-tive U.N. intervention," which Albanian Foreign Minister Paskal Milo had asked for in a letter to U.N. Secretary-General Kofi

Disagreements over how to handle the escalating crisis in Kosovo have resulted in a muted response from the 15-member council. Monday, an emergency meeting produced a press statement reflecting the few

areas of agreement. The statement called for a full investigation of the massacre, urged all parties

NATO's two top generals

left Brussels Tuesday for

Belgrade where they are to

meet Yugoslav President

Slobodan Milosevic, a

The two, NATO Supreme

Commander for Europe

Wesley Clark and German

General Klaus Naumann,

head of NATO's military

committee, were to hold

talks with the Yugoslav

president at 1 p.m. (1200

Clark Tuesday told the BBC that NATO is 'very

serious" about the threat of

Belgrade into respecting

the ceasefire agreement in

International outrage has

October.

reached

military force to pressure

GMT), the source said.

NATO official said

requesting anonymity.

Yugoslav government to rescind its decision to expel the head of the peace mission in the embattled Serb

Diplomats were working late Monday on the draft of a more authoritative presidential statement to be considered by the council today. Some delegations, including the United States and France, were pushing for it to be stronger.

But Russia has close religious and cultural ties to the Serbs, and remains sympathetic to Belgrade's view that ethnic Albanians seeking independence have carried out terrorist attacks on its security forces.

U.N. Russia's Ambassador Sergey Lavrov said Yugoslav authorities had already started investigating the massacre, and had every right to do so. Last year, Moscow strongly condemned NATO threats to use airstrikes to pressure Milosevic to end his crackdown on ethnic Albanian

The United States and Britain have been quicker hard" for the council to blame the Serbs for support Arbour's mission.

NATO military mission

erupted over the massacre

of 45 ethnic Albanians in

Kosovo at the weekend and

the expulsion of the OSCE

mission chief from the

Clark warned that NATO

"It is a very serious situa-

tion. The plans made in

October (for NATO mili-

tary intervention) are very

much alive, most of the

forces are poised and ready

should they be called on today. The others are only a

few houses away," he said.

that he "should be under no

about its commitment in

this case and at the appro-

priate time I am confident

that the leaders of NATO

illusion.

Clark warned Milosevic

NATO is very serious

forces were "poised and

ready" to attack Serbia.

troubled province.

heads for Belgrade

Albanians, who comprise an estimated 90 per cent of the 2 million people in Kosovo.

U.S. diplomat William Walker, who heads the Organisation for Security Cooperation Europe's peace mission in Kosovo, was ordered to leave Yugoslavia atter he accused Serb forces of the massacre.

The United States wanted the council to condemn Yugoslavia's Monday to allow chief U.N. war crimes prosecutor Louise Arbour to enter the country to investigate the atrocity in the village of

But diplomats said Russia and China blocked any mention of Arbour, saying they wanted to consult their governments.

Lavrov said Moscow had no official information on Arbour's failed attempt to enter Yugoslavia and wanted to verify reports that she was carrying NATO orders.

U.S. envoy Nancy Soderberg said the United States was still "pushing hard" for the council to

make the appropriate deci-

Diplomats here said

Clark and Naumann would

remind Milosevic of his

pledge in October to bring

down tension in Kosovo.

and point out repeated vio-

The generals would also

remind Milosevic that there

was still the possibility of

an international military

intervention, even if the

North Atlantic Treaty

Organisation for the

moment has ruled out such

Monday, Milosevic had

refused to meet Clark and

Naumann. He also refused

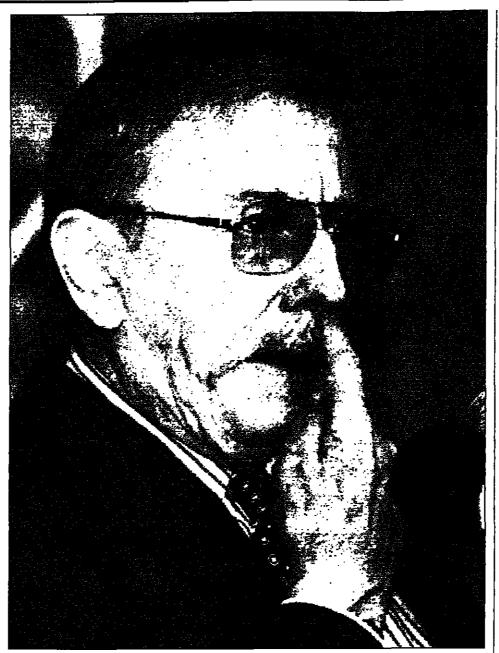
to allow prosecutors from

the international war

crimes tribunal on former

Yugoslavia into Kosovo.

lations of this promise.



File picture dated Oct. 23, 1998, showing U.S. diplomat William Walker, the head of the international OSCE verification mission for Kosovo, speaking to reporters in Pristina. Walker was declared 'persona non grata' by Belgrade after he had condemned the killings last Friday in the southern village of Racak in Kosovo as 'obviously a crime very much against humanity' (Reuters photo)

### **OSCE urges Belgrade to** reverse Kosovo chief expulsion

VIENNA (AFP) — The OSCE pan-European security body called on Belgrade Tuesday to reverse its decision to expel Kosovo verifica-tion team chief William Walker, warning that the decision jeopardises the whole

Amid international condemsion, the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) said however that Walker has no immediate plans to leave, despite Belgrade's order Monday.

"There are no plans right now for him to leave. We are still hoping that Mr Milosevic will reverse his decision," said Melissa Fleming, adding that OSCE chairman Knut Vollebaek may travel to Belgrade, after a meeting in Vienna Wednesday, to try to persuade the Yugoslav presi-

dent to change his mind. She added that the Kosovo mission could function without Walker if diplomatic efforts fail to change Belgrade's mind, since the U.S. diplomat has several deputies.

But she underlined the danger to the fragile peace brokered in Kosovo last October. of which the OSCE's Kosovo Verification Mission (KVM) is a key element.

"This is totally unacceptable. It puts the whole OSCE mission in jeopardy." she said.

The OSCE was charged, with Jovanovic Monday, under a deal struck last by U.S. envoy Holbrooke and October Richard Yugoslav President Slobodan Milosevic, with deploying a 2,000-strong KVM in the troubled province to monitor compliance with U.N. resolu-

fiers have been deployed, but the mission has been rocked by the escalation of violence in the last two weeks, including a hostage taking, the injury of two OSCE verifiers by sniper fire, and then the massacre of 45 ethnic Albanians in the village of

Belgrade's Monday to declare Walker "persona non grata," after his comments following the massacre of 45 ethnic Albanians last Friday near the Kosovo village of Racak, is however far more serious.

"President Milosevic has challenged the international community in a way that may lead to increased violence in Kosovo. That could ruin chances for a peaceful dialogue," said Vollebaek, Norway's foreign minister, in Oslo.

Yugoslav Foreign Minister Zivan Jovanovic sent a letter to Vollebaek late Monday,

giving Walker 48 hours to leave the country. In a telephone conversation

Volleback strongly urged Belgrade to reconsider the expulsion decision. "But so far. I have seen no willingness to do so on their part." Vollebaek said.

Vollebaek said he had been discussing the issue with the foreign ministers of the United States, Russia and Germany. He is to meet in Vienna Wednesday with the other members of the OSCE troika of past, present and future chairmen, Poland's Bronislaw Geremek and Schuessel.

The OSCE spokeswoman said a lot depends on diplomatic efforts over the next day or two to persuade Belgrade to reverse its decision.

The United Nations, United States and Russia have led international calls on Belgrade to review its decision.

Asked what would happen if Walker is compelled to leave, she told AFP: "He has several deputies. Of course it doesn't function as well. They need a head. But it will function and it will continue to do its work."

As to whether a new head could be named to replace Walker, she added: "That's speculation. We're going to stick with the head of mission that we've appointed."

## Bleak holiday for Jakarta's homeless and army

between 3,000 (35 U.S.

cents) and 5,000 rupiah (58

cents) a day begging and pays 50,000 rupiah a month in rent

for a small room. "Even with

what we collect, we don't

have enough to eat," she said.

the streets to maintain securi-

ty in the city which was the

scene of massive student

demonstrations and sporadic

unrest for the greater part of

1998. At least a dozen stu-

dents were killed in anti-gov-

ernment protests nationwide.

Instead of students, the sol-

diers were faced with rain and

boredom Tuesday as they

Soldiers were also out on

became scarce.

She manages

JAKARTA (R) - Most with one daughter and two Lieutenant Indonesians celebrated the end of the Muslim month of fasting at home with family Tuesday, but for the capital's beggars and armed forces it was another day on the streets under the drenching tropical

"I can't return to my village because I don't have any money," said Desmina, 40. who begs in the elite suburb of Menteng.

I feel pained and bitter because I left behind eight children and many grandchildren... It hurts to see other people celebrating the holidays with their family."

Eid al-Fitr celebrates the end of Ramadan and comes with Indonesia in the grip of its worse economic crisis in 30 years, millions of people

took what little shelter they could. "We've been here since now in abject poverty. Desmina, who worked as a June and some of the soldiers labourer on a farm, left her have not been able to see their village for Jakarta a year ago families for a long time," said

Muhammad nieces when food at home

Asked whether he missed his family, he said: "It is a bit difficult....but we are the military, we are strong and we are used to it. Duty is number one. We have no choice."

Muhammad, 25, comes from the province of East Kalimantan and last visited his family two years ago.

He said the soldiers did not view the protesting students as their enemy and were constantly reminded by their superiors to control their emotions when facing student

"We see the students as people, not as an enemy," he

"But yes, sometimes they are hard work." As for the students, who halted their protests last month to observe Ramadan, they have vowed to return to the streets after

### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Zambian leader challenged to refute UNITA arms charge

LUSAKA (AFP) — Former Zambian leader Kenneth Kaunda has challenged the incumbent President Frederick Chiluba, to refute charges that he has helped to arm UNITA rebels in Angola, press reports said Tuesday. There is no smoke without fire, let them deny it convincingly and effectively because Angola keeps coming back with the same accusations," the Independent Post newspaper quoted Kaunda as saying. Angola has twice accused Zambia of facilitating the shipment of arms to the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA). Fresh allegations were made at the weekend during a meeting of foreign and defence ministers from several African states trying to map out a peaceful solution to the conflict in the Democratic Republic of Congo. Kaunda said the fact that Zambia has been accused twice raised lots of questions which Chiluba had failed to address adequately. Zambia has on several occasions denied any involvement in the alleged shipment of arms to UNITA and has been cleared by the U.N. and the Organisation of African Unity (OAU).

#### Cubans reported aiding embattled Angola government

LISBON (R) — Cuba has sent advisers to Angola. where it once had thousands of troops, to help the former Markist government of President Jose Eduardo dos Santos in its fight against UNITA rebels, a Portuguese newspaper reported Tuesday. Diario de Noticias said that up to 200 advisers, including some senior military officials, were believed to be in Luanda. It gave no source for its report and did not say when the advisers had arrived. Some Cuban officials were also reported to be in the central highland town of Malanje, which has been under attack for weeks by UNITA troops, the newspaper said. Cuba backed dos Santos' Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) for some 15 years during the first Angolan civil war, which started before the country's independence from Portugal in 1975. A first peace treaty between the MPLA and UNITA, once backed by the United States and South Africa, broke down after rebel chief Jonas Savimbi refused to accept the results of 1992 elections in which dos Santos was elected president. Another United Nations-brokered truce was achieved in 1994, but that collapsed shortly before Christmas last year, plunging the oil and diamond-rich country back into civil war.

#### Indian minister promises safety for foreign tourists

NEW DELHI (AFP) — Indian Tourism Minister Madan Lal Khurana pledged Tuesday to act on growing complaints from foreign tourists that they are being harassed, cheated and even poisoned. We have to stop this harassment of tourists as it brings a very bad name to the country," Khurana told reporters. The minister said tourism officials would be soon posted at the Indira Gandhi international airport in New Delhi to escort tourists to taxis, direct them to hotels and "extend all of airport touts luring unsuspecting tourists to shady hotels and then robbing them. A 20-year-old Japanese tourist who went missing near the airport last month was later found brutally murdered — his body cut into eight pieces. Unofficial guides have also reportedly cheated tourists in the Taj Mahal town of Agra, 200 kilometres south of here, by lacing their food with mild poison and then taking a cut of the doctor's treatment fee. Khurana said many small guest houses in the Indian capital had also become "terrorist hideouts and criminal havens." India granted 2.3 million tourist visas in 1997. compared to 5.2 million issued by tiny Singapore, and the number reportedly fell further last year.

#### France's giant Carnac site of standing stones partially reopened

PARIS (AFP) - Visitors are to be readmitted part of the year inside the giant Carnac site of 3,800 standing stones in western Brittany, which was fenced off to the public in 1991 to avoid damage to the ancient menhirs. The culture ministry has announced after a report on the state of the site that visitors will be authorised to roam about the site again but only during the winter months, outside the tourist season. Currently barriers have been thrown up around the 6,000-year-old menhirs to avoid further soil erosion and damage to vegetation that threatened to unsettle the standing stones. The damage was said to have been caused by 800,000 annual visitors trampling France's Stonehenge. After closing off close access to the menhirs, French authorities launched a bid to replant and revive the vegetation and had planned to build off-the-ground walkways while introducing a fee in 2001-2001 for access to Carnac. Local residents however have opposed the idea of what they describe as a "Menhirland", demanding continued free access to the standing stones. The ministry said that the walkways will be built along with observation sites, with access continuing to be free. Visits may be limited during the peak summer tourist season depending on the state of the soil. Archaeological diggings will be started to glean further knowledge on the dating of the stones and on the civilisation that erected them. France may also ask UNESCO to add the site to the World Heritage list.

#### 21 killed in tornado in South Africa

MOUNT AYLIFF, South Africa (AFP) - At least 21 people were killed when a tornado hit the rural areas around the small town of Mount Ayliff in South Africa's Eastern Cape province, police told AFP Tuesday. "We have 21 people in the mortuary," station commander Nxibe Zweladinga told AFP. He said about 225 people had been admitted to the Mount Ayliff hospital after the tornado hit on Monday afternoon. Other injured people had been transferred to hospitals in the neighbouring KwaZulu Natal province. The SAPA news agency reported that the injured included about 100 children who were critically hurt. Zweladinga said all the dead had come from the areas surrounding the town, where traditional thatched ronadavels (round houses) made of mud had collapsed in the torrential rain and wind. The houses collapsed while people were inside and they were injured and some died," be said. Rescue workers were looking combing the area for more dead and injured. In December, a tornado ploughed through Umtata, about 100 kilometres south of Mount Ayliff, killing 18 people and injuring 162.



Top British model Kate Moss, for French fashion house Chanel, designed by German designer Karl Lagerfeld presents this grey skirt and cardigan over a green, yellow and blue embroidered top as part of his Spring-Summer 1999 Haute Couture fashion collection (Reuters photo)

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Cambodian opposition leader Sam Rainsy speaks to journalists on his arrival at Pochentong International Airport, Phoom Penh. In a rare show of unity across Cambodia's political divide, Sam Rainsy backed proposals by Cambodian Prime Minister Hun Sen for a wide reaching Khmer Rouge (rial (AFP photo)

### China to free dissident journalist'

HONG KONG (R) -China might soon release a prominent Chinese dissident jailed in 1993 for her journalism, a Hong Kong nghts group said Tuesday. Gao Yu, who in early January left the Beijing prison where she had been kept, had been transferred to a young criminals' education camp near her home in the capital, the ses safety in Information Centre of

China said. "This paves the way for ari an Maista № act on grounger. Gao's release." the centre

Democratic Movement in

Rights and

Human

Gao, a 55-year-old journalist, was sentenced to six years in jail in 1993. "disclosing state secrets" after writing a series of articles on structural reform in China for Kong's Mirror Monthly magazine. The ends

The information centre said China's authorities always seen the release of Gao, who has serious heart disease, as a possible political bargaining chip in the country's dealings with the West. It added that the dissibecause she insisted on pleading not guilty. The information centre

dent was still being held

also said that veteran dissident Xu Wenli, who had previously been reported to have been sent to a harsh labour camp outside Beijing, had in fact been in the Beijing prison on Jan. 13.

Xu, 55, one of three founders of a banned opposition party, was jailed last month for 13 years. Two other founders of the Chinese Democratic Party, Wang Youcai and Qin Yongmin, were also sentenced to 11 years and 12 years in jail respective-

In the northwestern province of Gansu, dissidents Yue Tianxiang and Guo Xinmin, who founded "China Workers Rights" to help laid-off workers and monitor corruption at state-owned factories, were being held on charges of "endangers ing state safety", the Hong Kong rights group said.

Yue, 42, and Guo, 40, were detained on Jan. 10. Police declined to disclose where the two were being

## Dannii wiinogue records ner vote on Australian republic

SYDNEY (AFP) - Pinup girl and pop star Dannii Minogue lives in Britain for most of the year but she thinks it's time Australia ditched the queen and became a

"It's time we reaped the rewards of our unique identity" and becoming a republic is a step in the right direction, she told reporters Tuesday during a promotional stop

"I can't see why we

shouldn't. ... I have ties to England, my mum was born there and therefore I'm able to get a visa to live and work there as long as I want.

"But I think it's very frustrating for an Australian to grow up looking at the queen on every note and every coin and then to be told you can only come to live and work in the country for a year."

Australians experience exactly what Americans and other foreigners experienced when they applied for a visa to live in Britain.

"So why are we howing down to the queen and living by her rules when you don't get anything extra for it anyway?" she said. "Yeah, let's be ourselves, let's be unique, let's stand

Minogue, the sister of pint-sized pop diva Kylie Minogue, was in Sydney to promote her new single, "Everlasting Night". In addition to

her music career, the younger Minogue has a thriving career as a pinup - her calendar is among the best-selling in Australia.

building," she said.

"I can notice that and he more objective because I live outside of Australia and I'm travelling in and out," she said. "It's hard for people who live here to see that it is moving and changing. Stuff like that music, fashion, everything is



The 'Marree Man', a four-kilometre-tall image of a naked Aboriginal man mysteriously carved into the outback is shown in this undated satellite image. The massive figure was secretly etched last year into red soil near remote Marree, 700 kilometres north of Adelaide and police have been unable to discover who was responsible. The self-proclaimed creators of the world's largest artwork want to shed their anonymity and are promising a series of clues about its origins to be unearthed in the coming weeks at famed giant chalk drawings in England. The first answer was buried in a sealed container near the Cerne Giant, in Dorset, England, and an anonymous statement faxed to media January 18 said, 'It relates to the question Who?' (Reuters photo)

## **Europe welcomes Cambodia** push for Khmer Rouge justice

European Union Tuesday welcomed an assurance from Cambodian premier Hun Sen that he would back the prosecution of Khmer Rouge leaders held responsible for mass slaughter during their 1970s rule.

The EU said the ambassadors of member states Britain, France Germany made a formal approach to Hun Sen last week to make clear its position that "all senior Khmer Rouge leaders responsible for crimes should be held to answer."

"Prime Minister Hun Sen... emphasised that there was no one who wanted a trial more than himself and that 'it is our unavoidable duty to bring the Khmer Rouge leaders to justice." the EU said in a statement,

"The EU encouraged the... government to continue its efforts and its cooperation with the international community to achieve accountability for the crimes of the 1975 to 1979 period and to develop a mechanism for holding Khmer Rouge leaders responsible," the EU

The surrender of two top Khmer Rouge henchmen last month has thrown a spotlight on the sensitive question of whether leaders of the group responsible for the deaths of an estimated .7 million people during its

1975-1979 rule should be

brought to justice. Hun Sen, a one-time junior Khmer Rouge officer who broke away in 1977. เกเม่นไไร gave Samphan and Nuon Chea a VIP welcome back to society and hinted their trial might not be in the interests of national reconciliation.

But after a chorus of indignation from human rights groups and pressure from some Western governments, he said he had always backed a trial for leaders of the notorious communist group.

Hun Sen and his then senior co-premier, Prince Norodom Ranariddh, asked the United Nations in June 1997 for help in setting up a tribunal for Khmer Rouge leaders responsible for the killings when they held

U.N.-appointed jurists visited Cambodia in November to assess evidence and consider how legal proceedings might be undertaken. The team is due to present its proposals to U.N. Secretary General Kofi Annan next

A senior aide to Hun Sen said at the weekend that the premier is surveying public opinion on the issue of a trial for Khmer Rouge leaders but will leave the final decision to legal experts.

Om Yentieng said that there were differing opinions about what period any tribunal should cover with some suggesting all crimes against humanity committed between 1970 and 1998 be investigated.

That could implicate the United States, China, Thailand and possibly others as well.

The United launched a massive bombcampaign against Cambodia during Vietnam war. Analysts areue the U.S. bombing fuelled the rise of the

The Khiner Rouge were forced from power by a Vietnamese invasion in late 1978 and took refuge on the Thai border where Vietnam's then-enemies. Thailand and China, provided sanctuary and supplies for the Khmer Rouge war against Vietnam's army of occupation and the Hanoi-

backed government. Through the 1980s the Khmer Rouge dominated an opposition "coalition government" recognised by the United Nations and supportby non-communist Southeast Asia,

Political analysts said if Hun Sen insisted on broadening the time-frame for a tribunal investigation, the process could founder due to foreign objections

"The danger is it would just make it more difficult to arrange a tribunal," said a Western diplomat.

"If his objective is to bring the truth into the open he should go for a strictly timelimited process, in the course of which, all this involvement) would come out anyway."

## China opposes inclusion of Taiwan in U.S.-Japan defence pact

BEIJING (AFP) - China said Tuesday it opposed incorporation Taiwan into a Japan-U.S. defence pact whether or indirectly directly because it constituted an intringement of Chinese

sovereignty.

Foreign spokesman Sun Yuxi told a bi-weekly news briefing the Taiwan issue was entirely an internal affair of China and "no one has the right to interfere in this issuc."

China has taken offence to remarks made by Jehiro Ozawa, the leader of Japan's Liberal Party (LP) which last week forged a coalition with the ruling Liberal Democratic Party

Ozawa said last week Japan-U.S. defence cooperation guidelines following emergencies in areas "surrounding Japan" should include Russia. China, Taiwan and the

Korean peninsula. The LDP has refused to specify geographical areas for the military cooperation sticking to the "areas surrounding Japan" phrase apparently in fear of angering China, which sees Taiwan as a renegade province.

The guidelines allow greater Japanese support for U.S. forces during crises. Enacting legislation for the U.S.-Japan guide-lines is scheduled to be passed in a parliamentary session hich opened in Tokyo Tuesday.

Ozawa is generally in favour of a stronger overseas defence role for

Japan. said Japan-U.S. Sun security cooperation was bilateral cooperation against the special backdrop of the cold war era.

arrangement This should be strictly limited to its bilateral scope. If after the cold war ended this arrangement went beyond its bilateral scope, it will certainly trigger worries of neighbouring countries." he said.

"The direct or indirect incorporation of Taiwan in the Japan-U.S. Defence Cooperation Guideline constitutes an infringement on China's sovereignty and will be firmly opposed by

the Chinese government and people," he said. Sun said the Japanese government had clarified Ozawa's remarks through

diplomatic channels. The official China Daily in an editorial Tuesday said the "unilateral inclusion of a territory of another country with independent sovereignty under any form of Japanese influence constitutes an extreme violation

of international law." The editorial said "despite every Japanese effort to conceal their true motivation, slips of tongue, as they are usually referred to, by Japanese politicians reveal just what is in their

minds. It said the Japanese government's clarification aimed at assuring China "the areas surrounding Japan" was not a specific geographical concept but based on regional developments was too weak to stand scrutiny.

"Compared to previous awkwardly phrased deceptive words. Ozawa spilled the beans over Japan's intentions in the region," it

### 4 nations open peace talks on divided Korea

GENEVA (AFP) - North and South Korea, China and the United States began talks here Tuesday aimed at forging a permanent p -re-treaty for the divided Korean peninsula, half a century after the Korean war ended in an uneasy truce.

North Korean deputy foreign minister Kim Kve-Gwan, Pyongyang's chief negotiator, welcomed the delegates to the Geneva conference centre shortly after 10:00 a.m. (0900 GMT).

Communist North Korea chairing the negotiations for the first time, a fact which observers say could prompt Pyongyang into making uncharacteristic concessions.

The 1950-53 Korean war ended with a truce, but a permanent peace treaty was never signed, leaving the North and South technically still at war.

The talks come amid mounting tension in the region over Pyongyang's nuclear and missile capabili-

Diplomatic sources here said the talks -- the fourth round - were mainly aimed at establishing the make-up and agenda of two sub-committees which the sides agreed to set up at their last meeting in October.

One sub-committee will look at establishing peace on the Korean peninsula, while the other will focus on ways of reducing tension on the world's last cold war fron-

Li Gun, deputy head of the North Korean delegation. said Monday the sub-comminees would meet Wednesday and Thursday,

but declined to give details. Washington and Beijing take part as the respective wartime allies of South and North Korea and as the nations which help maintain the tense truce.

The talks process began in December 1997, but the first two meetings broke up in acrimony after Pyongyang demanded the 37,000 U.S. troops stationed in South Korea be withdrawn.

Analysis say North Korea's first spell in the chair means Pyongyang is unlikely to allow this round of talks to collapse or end without at least nominal progress.

Diplomatic sources said North Korea had chaired Monday's preparatory talks in a "constructive" way,

## Yeltsin feeling better, but doctors plan more tests

MOSCOW (AP) - A hospitalised Boris Yeltsin was feeling better Tuesday, but doctors wanted to conduct more tests to determine whether he will need surgery to repair his bleeding vleer.

Sergei Mironov, the president's chief doctor, said Yeltsin wasn't expected to leave the hospital for two to three weeks, and won't be allowed to travel for up to three months, the ITAR-TASS news agency report-

Yeltsin, who was hospitalised Sunday, had planned to travel to France on Jan. 28, his first trip abroad since he cut short a visit to Central Asia in October, also because of

Yeltsin's press service said the trip to France had not been cancelled yet. Yeltsin and French President Jacques Chirae spoke by phone Tuesday. the Kremlin said, but no details were immediately available.

Tuesday morning, doctors met to discuss Yeltsin's condition and give him medication and injections to prevent the ulcer from spreading, the Interfax news agency said.

"The president has become more active, he is looking through docu-ments supplied by the administration and also (is reading) newspapers," presidential spokesman Dmitri Yakushkin told

The president was to undergo tests Wednesday and doctors will determine whether he needs surgery. Mironov said, Ulcers can usually be treated with medicine, though surgery is required in some cases.

Yeltsin's doctors had indicated Monday that the president would just receive medicine, but later they said a final decision on surgery would be made Wednesday, the ITAR-TASS news agency report-

Yeltsin's latest trip to the hospital is his fifth since he won reelection in 1996. He has not set foot in his Kremlin office this year. Opposition politicians

are again calling for

Yeltsin's ouster, saying he is incapable of running the government. He turned over most responsibility for running the country to Prime Minister Yevgeny Primakov months ago.

Mironov and other doctors played down the seriousness of Yeltsin's latest illness.

"I do not believe that it is a very complicated case," said Michael DeBakey, the American heart surgeon who observed Yeltsin's 1996 bypass surgery. according to ITAR-TASS. Despite continued pres-

sure from Russia's Communist-dominated lower house of parliament. Mironov said the public was unlikely to get a detailed report on Yeltsin's health. Lawmakers tried to pass a resolution requiring a health report this fall, but the motion failed.

The issue "cannot be considered a purely medical one," Mironov said. according to ITAR-TASS. "The president is a human being who has the right to seek the protection of his (privacy) rights."

### **Jordan Times**

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> **Executive Editor** Abdullah Hasanat

Responsible Editor Elia Nasrallah

Editorial and Advertising offices Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman

Telephones: 5684311, 5699634, 5667171, 5603585

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### Home again

BEFORE ALL else, having descended from his plane upon his emotional return to Jordan yesterday. His Majesty King Hussein turned to face Mecca and prayed.

That image alone spoke volumes about King Hussein's enormous faith — the very same faith that has helped him to bear the weight of many tribulations, not least of which was his recent and arduous personal struggle against cancer. With the forbearance we have come to depend on, and with the gallantry that has distinguished him among world leaders, King Hussein stood to greet each and every well-wisher gathered to welcome him home along with the members of his family.

Moments before touching down at Marka Airport, the King, at the throttle of his G-1 jet, made a salutatory flyover the capital of his beloved Jordan. As his family watched the plane approach, tears welled up in their eyes — their fullness of

heart was shared by everyone. His Majesty has returned to his Kingdom, where he has had an impact on every sphere in the build-ing of a small, vulnerable and natural resourcelacking country into a modern, democratic and pluralistic state that stands as a model in the

Steeling himself against an icy rain, King Hussein rode through the streets of Amman waving to the crowds through the sunroof of his car, while Her Majesty Queen Noor, ever at his side through the past six months, lent a gentle hand of support. To brave such weather to be close to his people, so many of whom he knows by name, is characteristic of His Majesty. The euphoria of Jordanians cheering in the streets, waving flags from windows and balconies, and ululating from roottops is a show of genuine spontaneity seldom, if ever, accorded to other world leaders. He is truly loved by his people and by all who have had the honour to work for him, and he is held with utmost regard by the international community.

Al Hussein is back, and for that we all say prayers of thanks. His return to the entire Jordanian family should bring us all closer together — that has always been his example.

### A case of double standards

THERE IS a sense of déja vu about the Kosovo conflict especially after the massacre of 45 ethnic Albanians in Racak by Serb forces in the past few days. The cold-blooded killing of Albanian civilians, including women and a 12-year-old child, has shocked the international community and moved William Walker, the head of the International Truce monitoring team operating in Kosovo, to describe the wanton killings and mutilations as, prima facie, a crime against humanity necessitating an inquiry by the U.N. War Crimes Tribunal.

But what ensued were a series of condemnations by various leaders including U.S. President Bill Clinton, the U.N. Security Council and the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) coupled with threats by NATO to launch air strikes against Serbian forces should Belgrade continue to violate the ceasefire brokered last October between Serb President Slobodan Milosevic and U.S. envoy Richard Holbrooke. But Milosevic knows very well from past experience that NATO will not act until it is too late and only after the Serbs attain their military and political objectives. The case in point is of course Bosnia where U.N. and NATO threats against Serbian atrocities and ethnic cleansing did not go into effect until it was too late. Hundreds of thousands of Bosnian Muslims were slaughtered in the process. A dark point in history occurred when the U.N.-declared safe haven, Srebrenica, was allowed to be overrun and its people murdered in cold blood by the thousands before the very eyes of the former U.N. Secretary General Butros Ghali and NATO forces. It was only after the defiant Serb forces attained their main goals that NATO began to strike back at the Serbian forces.

The same scenario appears to take hold once again in Kosovo where Milosevic has successfully called the bluffs of both NATO and the Security Council. Now Belgrade has arrogantly called for the removal of William Walker for daring to speak out on the Racak massacre and has refused entry to the chief prosecutor of the U.N. War Crimes Tribunal.

When Iraq allegedly refused to cooperate fully with UNSCOM, the reply of Washington and London was swift and forceful. When Belgrade violates all agreements with the U.N., massacres thousands of innocent civilians and refuses full cooperation with the OSCE Kosovo verification mission, nothing happens. Is this then not a case of double standards? The Serb's defiance continues to take a heavy toll on Albanian lives while NATO and the U.N. continue to make hollow threats exactly as they did in the past in Bosnia. The real culprit in the case of Kosovo as was also in the case of Bosnia and Iraq is the silent international community.

#### **Washington Watch**

## Iraq and the people

THE BEHAVIOUR of the Iraqi leadership during the past week placed in sharp focus the problem that this regime has created for the broader Arab World.

For several years now the suffering of Iraq's people has been a central concern in Arab public opinion. The statistics on infant mortality and the malnutrition rates are staggering and deeply disturbing to the Arab World that knew Iraq in its better days.

Anguish at this cruel fate that has befallen the people of Iraq has turned into anger at the United States and not merely because of its leadership role in maintaining comprehensive sanctions regime that has crippled Iraq's economy. It is the firm Arab belief that the United States practices a double standard in its application of international law, in its expres-

sion of compassion, and in its

administration of justice and use of Some Arab writers have suggested that the Iraqi leadership has been emboldened to challenge the United States and spew forth harsh rhetoric against Arab governments friendly to the United States. because they have confused Arab public opinion's concern for Iraq's people with support for their regime. While this may account for part of the calculations of the Iraqi

the U.S. double standard cannot be ignored.

There is Arab anger at the United States. There is a sense of frustration and betrayal. While the United States is acknowledged by several key Arab states as the world superpower that plays a necessary role in protecting regional security, the United States' failure to deal equitably with Arab needs has, at times, proved politically costly to its Arab allies. And it is against this background that the Iraqi leadership plays its provocative game of

manipulating public anger.
Former U.S. Secretary of State James Baker understood this fact all too well. In 1990, shortly after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait, Baker attempted to analyse the reaction of some segments of Arab society to this cruel act. Baker suggested that the Iraqi leader portrayed himself as the "champion of the downtrodden" the one who would challenge the powers that be in the name of those who are oppressed. Both characterisations are, of course, misguided, since the Iraqi regime is, itself, oppressive. But, given the reality of Arab alienation from the West, the regime in Baghdad has been cruelly able to manipulate two popular themes -- public support for the suffering of its own people and this profound sense of

government, the critical matter of Arab alienation — into a political weapon that it has used against its enemies in times of stress.

The Iraqi regime has continually been advised that its needs would be best served by complying with international inspections and then complaining about whatever problems it has with these inspections.

Instead it has chosen an alternative path and that is to engage in a long drawn out and irksome "cat and mouse" game with the inspection regime and then play confrontation politics with those whose support the regime should be seeking to win.

Throughout this long saga it is the Iraqi people who have been the victims and it is the emotions and passions of Arab public opinion that have been played upon and worn down to the bone.

In the current situation. Arab states that are allied with the United States are posed with a disturbing dilemma. On one hand they are deeply troubled by the reckless behaviour of the regime in Iraq and on the other hand they are concerned with the failure of the United States to develop a coherent and consistent policy toward not only Iraq but also the Middle East as a whole. This is especially troublesome because they recognise and value the role that the United States could play in the region.

And so it is in this context that several Arab states have begun an effort to formulate an alternative approach to dealing with the Iraq problem. They are guided by a few central objectives. They want to address and alleviate the suffering of the Iraqi people. They do not want to legitimise the regime in power or reward its behaviour. But cognisant of the potent political impact that the current situation is having on their public opinion. they want to separate out to the extent that it is possible, policy directed at the regime in Iraq from the policy they will formulate to

The Arabs are not alone in this effort to arrive at such a new formula to deal with Iraq. There are currently before the United Nations at least three other somewhat simi-

meet the needs of the people of the

lar proposals. I have just returned from a meeting with the U.N. secretary general in New York. I led a small group of Arab Americans to a discussion with Mr. Annan about a number of Middle East problems (e.g. the issue of Palestinian statehood, the danger of an escalation of Israeli attacks on Lebanon and the matter of the U.S. bombing of a pharmaceutical plant in Sudan). But what occupied most of our discussion was the especially vexing problem

While the secretary general is a true diplomat, what comes through clearly is his disappointment at the

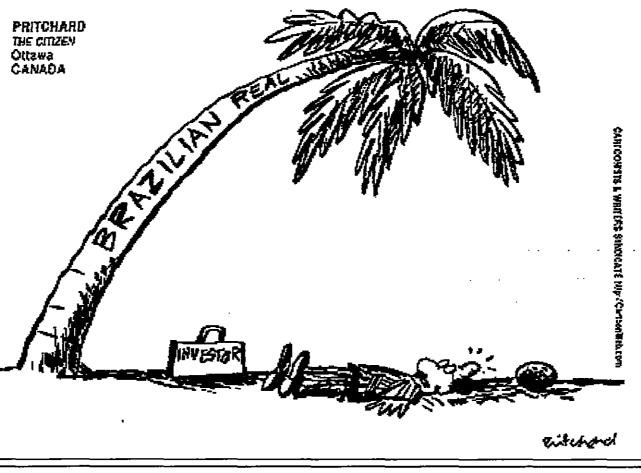
persistence of this disturbing sinuation. So much has been invested in the secretary general's role. But he can only do what member states allow him the latitude to do. He has vision and moral authority.

but he can neither impose his will nor can he change behaviour. The secretary general informed us of the outlines of the French, Russian and U.S. proposals to deal with the Iraqi situation. The details of an Arab position are still being

formed. It appears that while there are some substantial differences in all of these various proposals, there are some points of agreement as He assumed that it would still require a few more weeks of the cussion and distillation before these various approaches could be shaped into a new international consensus. It will in the end require "creativity, compromise and flexibility" from all parties for such a

can be found and if the Iraqi gov-ernment will accept a new approach, it is the Iraqi people who will continue to suffer and be

new approach to form. But while we wait to see if such a consensus exploited - still waiting for an end alded to their long nightmare.



## Secrets of a paper tiger

By Gwynne Dyer

"THE INTERNATIONAL community is not prepared to accept the brutal persecution and murder of civilians," said German Foreign Minister Joschka Fischer on Sunday — and not one of the assembled journalists laughed out loud. Journalists can be quite polite.

"The (Serbian) police told us to run," said one of the few survivors of the massacre in the Kosovo village of Racak that Fischer was deploring. "As soon as we started to run, they started to shoot us." But most didn't even get to

When William Walker, the American head of the international Kosovo Verification Mission, saw the bodies of 45 ethnic Albanian victims in Racak on Saturday, he was overwhelmed: "I don't have the words to express my revulsion at this unspeakable atrocity: to see bodies like this, with their faces blown away by what was obviously (weapons) held close to their heads." Walker said plainly that the Serbs were to blame — so Serbian dictator Slobodan Milosevic ordered him to leave the country within 48 hours.

Milosevic also ordered the border closed to Chief War Crimes Prosecutor Louise Arbour of the International Criminal Tribunal, who tried to enter Kosovo to investigate the slaughter. The Yugoslav army shot up the deserted village again and moved 40 bodies to Pristina, the capital of Kosovo province, presumably to destroy the evidence. And NATO, which threatened air strikes in late September to make Milosevic stop the previous round of massacres in Kosovo, tried to look really stem and impatient.

But for all its huffing and puffing, NATO is unlikely to use its aircraft against the Serbian forces in Kosovo, let alone against Belgrade. And it is certainly not going to commit its own troops to Kosovo to stop the killing.

Why not? NATO did finally use its aircraft against the Serbs in Bosnia,

after all, and thereby ended three years of genocide. Why will it not at least do the same service for Kosovo? NATO has accepted the independence

of federal Yugoslavia except Serbia itself and tiny Montenegro. It has tacitly backed the Croats, and used force to support the legal government of Bosnia in its resistance to Serbian attacks. But Kosovo (it says here) is different.

Fully 90 per cent of Kosovo's two million inhabitants are Albanian-speaking Muslims, and less than 10 per cent are Serbian. When Yugoslavia really was a federal state where Serbs were merely the largest single group, not the rulers, under the Communist dictator Josip Tito, Kosovo's Albanians ran their own affairs, and were mostly loyal to the ideal of a multi-national Yugoslavia.

But Kosovo was never formally a 'republic" like the others. In deference to the sensitivities of Serbs, who regard the area as the mystical cradle of their nation, Kosovo legally remained an "autonomous province" of Serbia. And that was fine too, so long as the rights of the Albanian majority were respect-

Even Tito's successors kept the deal - until Slobodan Milosevic, who began his climb to absolute power in Serbia in 1989 by abolishing Kosovo's autonomy and turning it into a place run by and for the tiny Serb minority. The Kosovars (as the Muslim majority call themselves) were outraged, but mounted a purely non-violent resistance to Serbian tyranny for nine years.

Being non-violent, they were therefore ignored by the outside powers that were busy fighting the fires that Milosevic started in Croatia, Bosnia, etc. Inevitably, some frustrated Kosovars eventually turned to military resistance. The response of Milosevic's regime was mass terror and massacre. which drove practically all of the majority into the arms of the rebels.

The Serbs killed at least 2,000 civilians and made a quarter of the population homeless last August and September before NATO threats forced them to accept a cease-fire. Now, with an unseasonably mild winter making military operations possible, the killing in Kosovo has started again. So why won't NATO stop it?

The public answer is that it cannot of Slovenia, of Croatia, of Bosnia, of permit the independence of Kosovo no

Macedonia, of all the former republics matter how badly Serbia behaves because the "province" is legally a part of Serbia. But that is mere sophistry: Nobody in NATO really fears that Kosovo's secession from Serbia would be used as a precedent by Basque nationalists in Spain or Ouebec separatists in Canada.

The private answer is different. It is that an independent Kosovo would unite with Albania to form a large, mostly Muslim country - and that, in turn, would destabilise Montenegro and Greece by attracting the Albanian minorities in those countries.

This is nonsense. There is no reason to believe that the well-educated and (relatively) prosperous Albanians of an independent Kosovo would tie themselves to the anarchic and destitute nation of Albania — and if they did, so what? Macedonia (which is ethnically 25 per cent Albanian) might experience a little instability; Greece (which is two per cent Albanian) would experience

On one hand, low-level risks of "destabilisation." On the other, ongoing massacres. So why, finally, does NATO go on making hollow threats that can only undermine its own credibility, while shirking the actions that would put a stop to the murder?

I'll let you in on the secret It's because it's afraid of casualties. Air power is all right for fireworks displays, but you need to commit ground troops if you're going to do something complex like shepherding Kosovo to inde-

Ground troops, in the Kosovo situation, mean casualties. The largest military organisation on the planet is a complete paper tiger, because its governments dare not face the domestic political repercussions of even a dozen dead soldiers. So Kosovo's agony must continue until some tens of thousands more people have been killed, and the remaining villages have been burned to the ground, and the Serbs finally give up and go home.

The writer is an independent London-based journalist whose articles are published in

## The EU and the Arab states

By Pascal B. Karmy

THE INTRODUCTION of the euro in Europe has ushered in a new era not only in Europe, but also in the world at large. It is an unprecedented event in history for independent states to have one currency. The euro now constitutes one of three very strong economic units in the world, competing with the United States dollar and the Japanese yen. It is indeed an unnrecedented event in view of the fact that the European states have undergone two great wars this century in which millions of Europeans were killed, in addition to untold others: the hundreds years war, the thirty years war, the seven years war and the Napoleonic wars. The European states comprising different races and ethnic origins and using various currencies, have in addition to the conversion to one euro currency, pulled down boundaries so that a European can freely travel from one corner of Europe to another without meeting any official hindrances or impediments.

Thus the Europeans have shown that they are truly enlightened people, who know where their interests lie and are thus heading towards the establishment of a federation which may be called the United States of Europe. Europe can indeed take pride from its achievements. It may be recalled that Napoleon tried to unify Europe under France's hegemony but failed, as no European nation would accept to be subservient to another. For the same reason Hitler failed. Notwithstanding their differences in some fields and the internecine wars they have waged against each other, they now cooperate closely and speak as one voice in international fora.

If we compare the European Union with the condition of the Arab states there is much scope for regret and sadness. The Arab states are in disarray and do not speak with one voice, despite the fact that they have many things in common namely language, religion, culture a shared history and the struggle against imperialism. As a new world order has dawned upon the world with one sole military power (the U.S.) which tries to affect the destinies of peoples, it therefore behoves the Arab states to coalesce so as to parry external threats and aggressions upon the Arab peoples and to enable them to compel Israel to withdraw from the Arab occupied territories. The Arab states should discard parochialism and unite to face the challenges of our modern world which respects

the mighty and treads upon the weak and the position-

mous. It is a high time in remove the boundaries facing Arab citizens travelling from one state to another in this regard we should emulate the European Union. An Arab citizen travelling from one Arab state to another less to submit to various checks and to perform all kinds of formalities which only serve to discourage him from

embarking on such a vovage The Arab states face many challenges and dangers which threaten their sovereignty and their national security and stability. It is therefore incumbent upon [ them to sincerely and diligently work for political and economic unity to enable their voice to be listened to and reckoned with in the world which respects but the powerful. It is futile for the Arabs to reminisce about their glorious past without any efforts being excerted for the unification of their states in a federation or at least a confederation.

However, there is at present a nucleus to constitute a federation or a confederation inasmuch as there are the Arab Postal Union, the Arab for Union

Telecommunications the Arab Organisation for Combating Crimes, the Arab Organisation for Administrative Sciences, the Arab Monetary Fund and the

Arab

Satellite Communication. There is also the Arab League which regrettably has failed to achieve Arab unity, and has not been able to cope with the | 1-. external threats to the Arab states. But it is incumber upon the Arab states to enhance the power and prestige of the Arab League instead of simply absolving themselves of failures in the world political arena and throwing these upon the league, forgetting their invet erate and parochial conflicts It is necessary to energise the league's activities so that it will stand as the symbol of Arab will and determination and unity in the face of the so-called new world order in which the weak will be subdued if not annihilated Letus hope that the Arab states will follow in the steps of the European Union and entitle it to form a federation of 8 confederation with one cut rency and no borders they will thus achieve the ambitions and aspirations of the Arab peoples in strength progress and prospenty

The writer was an active of in Palestine in 1944 and for many years, legal offer in UNRWA headquar Beirus and Vienna. Beiria and Vienna

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'Eid Al Fitr joyless for prisoners' children By Nidal Al Mughrabi

PALESTINIAN SCHOOLGIRL Nihad Zaqout moved U.S. President Bill Clinton to tears last month when she told him of the plight of her lather in an Israeli jail.

But 11-year-old Zaqout says she lost hope after the president failed to win her father's freedom in time for this week's festival of 'Eid Al Fitr. Zaqout said she lay awake at night

Reuters

waiting for her father to knock at the door of their home in the Jabalya refugee camp in the Gaza Strip. He never came.

The American president has broken his promise to secure the release of my father before 'Eid Al Fitr." she told Reuters on Sunday, the eve of the festival marking the end of the

fasting month of Ramadan.

During a ground-breaking visit to the Gaza Strip on December 14, Clinton told Zaquut and three other Palestinian schoolgirls that he would take up their case with Israel's Prime Minister Benyamin Netanyahu.

Witnesses said the four weeping girls brought tears to the eyes of the U.S. leader.

Zaqout said her father Mohammed is serving a life sentence for stabbing and wounding Israelis in the Israeli city of Tel Aviv in 1988. Israel refuses to free Muslim militants or any prisoners it says have blood on their hands.

"I will tell my father to put no hope in anyone but God, no Clinton and nobody else will help us to free our relatives," Zagout said when asked what she was going to tell her father during a prison visit next

Netanyahu freed 250 prisoners in November - the first of 750 prisoners due to be released in three batches under a Clinton-mediated peace deal Netanyahu signed with Palestinian President Yasser Arafat at the White House in October.

Israel's inclusion of 150 common criminals upset Palestinians, who had expected all 250 to be prisoners held for nationalist offences,

While marking 'Eid Al Fitr in Gaza on Monday, Arafat said: "As for my brothers the prisoners, I tell them, 'Patience, and God willing, soon we will be together and pray together in Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem'." Israelis were just as disappointed in Clinton as Zaquut was - but for another reason.

Israeli officials voiced shock when Clinton, on his December visit, said he was moved to tears both by children of the prisoners and of Israelis killed by Palestinians, Israelis said Clinton wrongly equated the murdeters with the murdered.

Other Gaza children of Palestinians in Israeli and Palestinian jails had little joy at the start of 'End Al-

"My mother bought new clothes for me but I will not be happy with them because I need my father back in the house," said Zaqout's 10-yearold brother Jihad.

Fatima Al-Khawaja, 70, whose son Yasser, an Islamic Jihad activist, is serving a life sentence in an Israeli jail for stabbing and wounding five soldiers in Gaza City in 1987, said she once hoped he would be freed as

a result of peace deals with Israel.

"We lost faith in Arabs and in Jews to obtain the release of our sons," she said. "Our 'Eid is delayed until Yasser is released." The release of prisoners from Israel's juils is important to Arafat in his effort to garner the support of the Palestinians for peace deals with Israel. Palestinian officials say about 2,400 prisoners are still held by Israel.

Sufran Abu Zayda, a negotiator on the issue of prisoners, predicted an explosion in Palestinian areas if the prisoner issue is not solved fairly and soon.

"You cannot imagine how had jailed fathers feel for not being with their families at this day," said Abu Zayda, who served 12 years in Israeli jails between 1981 and 1993.

Prospects for advancement on the

peace front have dinimed as Israel enters a four-month election camըսկքո,

Last Wednesday Palestinian lawmakers gave the Palestinian Authority two weeks to free 450 political prisoners, mostly from the Islamic militant group Hamas, or face the threat of a no-confidence vote.

"It is silly to ask Israel to release our prisoners it those released will be re-arrested by our own government," said a relative of a detained in a Palestinian Authority jail, who asked not to be identified.

At the weekend, Palestinian police released 54 jailed prisoners for the festival, including members of Hamas and other opposition groups. Israel denounced the move as another violation of agreements.

### Roadside slaughter provokes anger at gilded youth

By Suzanne Goldenberg

IN A CITY where wealth and the right connections will fix most anything, the three young men in the black BMW would not have been unduly concerned about driving drunk and at high speed through the New Delhi

night. Then the driver Sanjeev Nanda, grandson of a former Indian naval chief and son of a busilost control, plunging into roadside cluster of men. Five peoincluding three policemen, were killed. A sixth died at the weekend, and a seventh man is

critically ill in hospital. But it is the trio's supreme callousness after the tragedy that has horrified the capital, and set off a raging debate about he moral decline of India's gilded youth and the ugly face of an elite that believes it is above

According to the police and the only one of the several people who saw the accident to come forward — a full six days after the event, such is people's reluctance to get involved in any police matter - the men got out of the car to check for damage to the bonnet and windscreen, and then sped off, crushing a victim who was pinned under the car.

"The injured, screaming for help, lay on the road." a Bombay businessman, Sunil Kumar Kulkarni, told reporters. "One of the victims, who was dragged for some 100 metres alongside the front wheel of the car, could have been saved had the driver not reversed." The young men drove round the corner to the posh Golf Links home of one of the passengers and woke his

father, Rajiv Gupta. Then, the police say. the men drove the BMW into the garage and cleaned off the human remains. But police arrived within an hour. following a trail of leaked

ing for a good man. More than its horror at the victims' fate, Delhi has been shocked by the pedigree of the three in the car, all the product of the capital's most prestigious public school. The Police have started proceedings against them for Unical City culpable homicide and

## A tycoon warning for the world from Hong Kong

By Stephen Vines

IF ONLY governments were run by successful businessmen, wouldn't that make them work far better? It's an interesting idea but one which could be quickly dispelled by a trip to Hong Kong which nowadays is run by a former shipping tycoon.

Those wishing to make the trip seated in the firstclass compartment of an airline had better wait until the end of the week because from today many of the seats will be taken up by a gaggle of tycoons travelling at the Hong Kong taxpayer's expense to the first meeting of the chief executive's council of advisers (note that business-minded Hong Kong calls its head of government the chief executive).

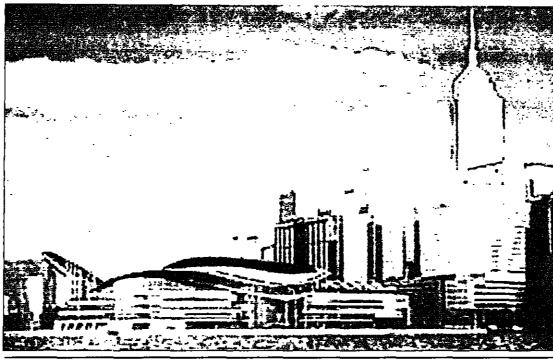
Jetting in for the meeting are such luminaries as the media tycoon Rupert Murdoch, Karl-Hermann Baumann, the chairman of the German conglomerate Siemens. Cor Boonstra, the head of Royal Philips Electronics in the Netherlands, Maurice Greenberg, the boss of the insurance giant the American International Group, and Shoichiro Toyoda, the veteran chairman of Japan's Toyota Motor

Yes, there is no doubt that the chief executive, Tung Chee-hwa, who was formerly the head of the Orient Overseas shipping line, has gathered some of the biggest names in the global business community to advise him.

They are arriving a week after Tung completed a round of meetings with groups of legislators. Withur exception all those elected by a process of universal suffrage, a minority in Hong Kong's exquisitely rigged system, emerged from their meetings saying that Tung had no intention of listening to

They have a point: the chief executive is impatient with local politicians who do little more than put up "political shows." He feels far more comfortable with the men (there are few women involved) of business. Yet the tycoons who have traditionally been such an enormous influence in the running of Hong Kong are restive. They may have Tung's ear but they are deeply affronted by the temerity of elected politicians who criticise them for being mean during times of economic recession and for having too much influence over the gov-

One of their number, a high-profile property developer called Ronnie Chan, moaned: "People



Hong Kong: A haven for the business tycoon (file photo)

used to say, before the handover: 'The communists are coming. But the local community are the communists." That was big news to most of the people who live here, the majority of whom are refugees from Communist China.

However, Chan's definition does not quite coincide with that of Karl Marx. He defines Communism as allowing the hoi polloi to have a say in government and to press it to implement policies that are not supported by the business community. The publicly stated opinions of the local tycoons are terrifying enough; in private they are even more Neanderthal in their views.

Having been drawn from this group Tung shares their prejudices and is intent on running a government free of "political meddling." The crowning irony of this authoritarian, some say arrogant, style of government is that in laissez faire Hong Kong it has led to a far higher degree of state intervention than would even have been contemplated in Britain during the brief moments it was ruled by Labour

governments which lacked the appellation "new" before their name.

administration has plunged into the stock market and snapped up more blue chip shares than any other single holder of equity. In effect some 10 percent of the market has been nationalised. As a result the stock market is far less liquid and far less attractive to overseas investors.

Before plunging into a share-buying frenzy, the government ordered a freeze on all land sales to prevent the property market from sliding into free fall - or, to put it another way, to help the big property developers from having to face drastic cuts in the vast profit margins they have tradition-

Whatever the motive for the government's action. it has succeeded in limiting the operation of the free market in two of the most crucial areas of Hong Kong's economy. The government says it acted to defend the local currency and to thwart

speculators, previously known as investors when they were pouring money into the former colony.

The government acted as it did because it is led by people who think that they alone can fix problems. They do not trust the market to find equilibrium. And they certainly do not trust those elected by the people to have a say in how problems can be solved.

Tung behaves much as he did when he was running his shipping empire and trying to rescue it from collapse in the 1980s. Like most Chinese companies. Orient Overseas is not famous for its democratic style of management. Decisions were taken at the top and handed down to the minions. When trouble hit the company Tung mobilised his friends in the big banks around the globe. He thinks governments can be run in the same way, which is why he is such an interventionist.

The situation is exacerbated by Tung's inability to realise that the people he governs expect to see him when a crisis emerges, and expect him to explain what he is doing.

In the less than two years since Tung took control, Hong Kong has been hit by a series of crises. including a mysterious and deadly bird flu, poisoning of the seas and the worst recession in three decades. Tung has led firmly from behind.

The people whom he is leading have no recourse to the ballot box to express their discontent. Instead sullen resentment is building and taking Hong Kong into uncharted waters as the recession deep-

As Tung's popularity ratings have steadily declined he has done what most failing governments do these days. A highly paid spin doctor has been appointed who will start work shortly. Tung. meanwhile, has been prised out of his office and started getting out and about. He still gives the impression that he has better things to do. Fortunately, he is a naturally friendly man who is actually quite good out on the streets but doesn't understand why he needs to be there.

What Tung's administration has proved is the unlikely truth that governments are actually better run by politicians, particularly those subject to elections that give them a constituency somewhat wider than a small band of tycoons who are not the ideal guardians of the public interest.

- The Independent

## Poetry to inspire LA

By Karen Lowe Agence France Presse

IN A CITY awash with moving, neon billboards splashed with come-hither parted lips and thrusting hips, this was an eye opener, dozens of white on black billboards with poetry, selling nothing.

They are from Poets Anonymous who wanted to give a gift to Los Angeles in the form of 60 billboards with excerpts of famous poets that would they hoped --- enrich the lives of pedestrians and It was a hit and miss proposition. It brought tears

to the eyes of some residents who said they were moved by the words, and shrugs of incomprehension from others - especially Hollywood high school students.

Across the street from the school were two signs at opposite ends of two blocks on Highland Street, One, perched above a pizza parlour read, "I will leave the door open until something human comes." by Lucille Clifton. Down the street was another next to a laundromat

and across the street from Paramount car wash that read. "What matters most is how well you walk through the fire," from Charles Bukowski. Walter Sanchez, 18, looked back and forth at both billboards, waiting a few seconds for something to

light up inside, "Nothing," he lamented, "I got noth-Jackie Barayo, 17, initially was hostile, "What is that supposed to mean?" she asked testily. After a few moments contemplation, she offered that maybe Clifton was keeping her options open, wait-

A spokeswoman for the publicity company hired by Poets Anonymous said the poetry billboards were intended to be an antidote to the commercial spectacle that bombards those traveiling around the

The hillboards also include quotes from E.E. Cummings. Emily Dickinson, Helene Johnson, Wallace Stevens, Mark Strand and T.S. Eliot, whose poetry excerpt was particularly resonant here:

Under the brown fog of a winter noon." Debbie Useldinger. 44. the owner of "Ruby Begonia" florist shop, said she first noticed the signs when walking to work a couple of weeks ago, and looks to them for comfort whenever she leaves, particularly the Bukowski.

a lot of adversity. It's a reminder that if you can handle the adversity, you'll do okay in life," she said. "It makes the traffic seem not so bad. It's calming."

full-time mother and full-time student, said the first

#### 'Do I dare Disturb the Universe

of stunt. At first I thought it was some kind of antismoking campaign, or something. Now, I understand. This is so retreshing. Finally, something intelligent," she said of the quote from the Chilcan

She said looks forward to seeing the words of poets as she gets on the freeway or while waiting for her car to be washed at Paramount, using the poetry snippets as small mental explosives that get her

"What billboard?" asked co-owner Joe Yeromian. When told what the billboard above his shop said. and asked what it meant to him, he said, "Oh, you'll have ask my brother, Rick."

tranpoor rubbed his head, and then offered, "You must go back to biology. To water. We come from water. Humans come from water."

freeways that circles this metropolis, is a message from T.S. Eliot. "Do I dare

"When you own a small business you go through

Corinne Weber, 37, who describes herself as a time she saw one of the poetry billboards she did a

"Like an eyelid held open hideously

I am watching" — Publo Neruda "What is this? I didn't know if it was some kind

Back at the Sicilian pizza parlor under the Bukowski quote, there was puzzlement among the

Rick Yeromian, too, was stumped and said his friend Khosro lranpoor, 45, sitting in a booth was the philosopher and could interpret Bukowski's

Leaving Hollywood for the 101, one of the many

Disturb the Universe?"

Under the billboard was heavy machinery and a block-sized hole in the ground where a new building was going up in front of a Holiday Inn.

### Ethiopians, Eritreans lack war fervour **By Simon Denyer**

THEIR ARMIES are preparing for battle and their governments' propaganda machines are working at full throatle. but the ordinary people of Ethiopia and Eritrea do not relish the prospect of war.

"Ethiopians know what war is like." said one businessman in the north-westem Ethiopian town of Bahir Dar. "This is a problem between the two governments and they should resolve it." A border dispute between the Horn of Africa neighbours exploded into war last year with hundreds of people killed in six weeks of artillery exchanges and

aerial bombardments. While the fighting died down quickly. Ethiopia and Eritrea have reinforced their positions along the 1,000 km border and have since engaged in a virulent war of words.

Diplomatic efforts to resolve the dispute are stalled, and local people say fighting could reignite at any moment. Both governments maintain they are committed to peace. Yet every day, the state-controlled media in both countries

dish up a bitter diet of vitriol about the

"enemy." A commentary entitled "Perpetrators of Evil" in the weekly Entrea Profile last month described Ethiopia's rulers as "more evil than Satan" for their deportation of thousands of Erittean civilians from Ethiopia.

In Addis Ababa, the press is no less scathing - even borrowing some of the vocabulary of the hated former regime of Mengistu Haile Mariam, which the current leaders of both countries fought long rebellions to topple.

The Ethiopian Herald last week dusted off a 10-year-old article denigrating Eritrea's ruling front - written in the Mengistu era. In it and other articles, Eritreans are referred to, disparagingly. as "Africa's Israelis." In other papers, long pieces purport-

ing to be readers' views, accuse Entrea

of killing Ethiopian civilians "in the tra-

dition of fascists and Nazis." But the press seems a poor guide to public opinion. With both countries accused by press watchdog Reporters Sans Frontiers of regularly violating freedom of speech, the lack of free

debate is all too apparent. "They do not consult the people," said the Bahir Dar businessman. "That is the problem." The governments of Ethiopia and Eritrea came to power in 1991, after working together - despite periodic mistrust - to oust Mengistu after a long and intensely costly civil war. Two years later Eritrea took independence

from Ethiopia after a referendum. The former allies are now enemies.

'Every family in Eritrea has lost someone in the struggle... we hope the leaders and politicians remember'

But the people of Ethiopia and Eritrea see themselves as brothers, who often worked and lived together, and even belonged to the same families.

Those ties were crudely broken by the war as thousands were forced to give up businesses and sometimes families in their host countries to return to their country of birth. Relations had soured after Eritrea

introduced its own currency, the nakfa, in November 1997, to replace the Ethiopian birt. As economic rivalry intensified, Ethiopia responded by demanding

cross-border trade be conducted in hard

currency --- hitting Eritrea in the pock-

A long-running border disagreement. centering on a rocky 400 square km patch of land called the Badme triangle. suddenly seemed to assume a greater imponance.

Behind-the-scenes diplomacy failed

to resolve the dispute about who owned

the land, which was administered by

Ethiopia. After a border skirmish on May 6. a Eritrea invaded the contested territory on May 12.

The Organisation of African Unity (OAU) has tried to broker a peace deal but Eritrea has rejected the OAU's demand that it withdraw to positions it

held before the fighting started. The Asmara government has instead called for international monitors to police the disputed border while ownership is established and for direct talks with the Ethiopian Prime Minister

Meles Zenawi. But Ethiopia rejects that proposal. saving it will not open talks until Eritrea pulls back its forces.

Nationalist feeling is strong, and neither side wants to give in, but the people are also very weary of war. "We have waited so long, the OAU

has spoken, Eritrea has rejected its call. We have no alternative but to fight the war that has been imposed upon us." said one angry, young Ethiopian on the streets of Addis Ababa.

Eyon, a young, educated Asmaran on a the other side of the lines said: "We may be married, or related, but our land is the most important issue. Too much blood was lost for this land, it is sacred." But Meles, an office worker in Asmara. said people were fed up with the war. They want it to end soon, one way or another." Dawit, a soldier on leave in Asmara, said the cost of the war was widely known, "Every family in Eritrea has lost someone in the struggle (for independence) and now everyone has a

relative or friend who is mobilised. "We know it — we hope the leaders and politicians remember it."

### IMF owns up to Asia mistakes

WASHINGTON (R) — The International Monetary Fund (IMF) admitted Tuesday it made mistakes in handling Asia's financial crisis, putting an overoptimistic spin on the likely economic downturn and misjudging the market's response.

But an internal document published Tuesday defended the basic thrust of IMF policy recommendations to one-time tiget economies of Thailand.

Indonesia and South Korea. The IMF said high interest rates, criticised by many for dragging Asia into a still deeper recession, were needed to prevent currencies spinning even further down, and initial demands for balanced budgets did not accelerate the slump.

But the fact that growth estimates were wrong meant the fund had probably recommended more spending cuts than would have otherwise been neces-

"Monetary policy, albeit only after some period. achieved its basic objective avoiding depreciation/inflation spiral in both Korea and Thailand." the IMF said in the

assessment of the international bailouts of 1997. This is not to deny, of course, that monetary tight-

WASHINGTON (R) —

Despite falling exports. U.S.

industries churned out more

goods during Décember and

managed their most vigor-

ous quarterly gain of the

year during the final three

months last year, the Federal

Analysts said the end-of-

year acceleration demon-

strated the resilience of a

nearly eight-year-old U.S.

expansion but also noted that

turmoil in Asia and Latin

America were taking a toll in

lost manufacturing jobs and

Production by the nation's

mines, factories and utilities

increased 0.2 per cent last

month after an upwardly

revised dip of 0.1 per cent in

November and a 0.5 per cent

But for the full year 1998.

industrial production grew

only 3.7 per cent after a 6.0

per cent jump in 1997. It was

the smallest rise in annual

output since a 3.5 per cent

Businesses ran at 80.9 per

cent of their maximum

capacity last month, down

from 81.0 per cent in

weaker foreign sales.

gain in October.

rise in 1993.

Reserve has said.

report, its first major

ening had a cost for the real economy, but the alternative would have been more costly," the 147-page document added.

The IMF put together rescue deals worth some \$120 billion for the three Asian economies in the second half of 1997, urging the three to let their currencies float and carry out deep economic reforms.

Officials have said the release of the internal document was a step toward transparency - a longstanding recommendation from the IMF to its member states but one it has itself been reluctant to implement

The report said the Asia programmes, large as they were, were still too small to protect countries once market confidence evaporated. But bigger programmes would have increased the risk of moral hazard — the idea that countries or investors act irresponsibly because they know someone will bail them out.

All three Asian countries have plunged into recession since the rescue deals were put together, although fund officials and others say that the worst is now over.

Asian markets have responded relatively calmly to this month's economic turmoil in Brazil, which received the first payment

U.S. industries boost

since 80.6 per cent in August

A global slump in emerg-

ing markets in Asia and

Latin America has sapped

demand for many U.S.-made

goods already, though robust

domestic demand stemming

from big stock market gains

and strong job growth has

For example, production

rates for new cars rose

strongly in last year's final

quarter to make up for a

strike at General Motors

Corp. earlier while computer

During the fourth quarter

last year, computer produc-

tion shot up at a 50.4 per

cent annual rate while auto

and truck output jumped at a

"The problem is we're

developing an unbalanced

economy, one in which the

manufacturing sector is

dragging relative to non-

manufacturing," said Robert

Dederick, economic consul-

tant to Northern Trust Co. in

"But secondly within man-

ufacturing, unless you're

making computers, you're

output soared all year.

79.3 per cent rate.

cushioned the blow.

from its own international rescue deal last month.

But the IMF review admitted that fund forecasts economic Asia's prospects had been deeply flawed, and that these overoptimistic projections had in turn influenced policy recommendations on tighter fiscal policies.

The IMF, like most observers. misread extent of the recession," the document said.

'The fund and the authorities appear to have erred on the side of optimism, in part because of concerns that realistically pessimistic forecasts would have exacerbated the situation further. But the resulting large revisions in projections were detrimental to credithe document bility,

The IMF revised its growth forecasts down steadily over the course of 1997 and 1998, finally admitting that all three countries faced deep recession - and IMF projections were often more optimistic than those from outside observers.

Noting that the forecasters could have drawn on experience from countries such as Mexico, where a currency collapse was followed by tumbling output, it added: "The impression remains that both the fund

erick said the worst might be

over for U.S. manufacturers

but cautioned the outlook

was clouded by woes in

Federal Reserve Governor

Roger Ferguson similarly

noted that events like

Brazil's currency devalua-

tion show that global

prospects remained laced

"The downturn in some of

the troubled economies of

Asia seem to be bottoming

out, at least outside of Japan.

but the risk of spreading dis-

tress in Latin America cre-

ates another element of

international uncertainty."

The Fed said utility com-

panies that had suffered

weak demand for electricity

and natural gas because of exceptionally mild weather

during October and Novem-

ber boosted their output 1.6

Manufacturing companies

increased production 0.2 per

cent last month after a 0.1

per cent pickup in Novem-

Jerry Jasinowski, president

of the National Association

per cent in December.

Ferguson said in a speech.

other countries.

with risk.

and outsiders erred in some ways that could have been avoided at the time."

The IMF also said problems in Asian countries meant it had been appropriate to include structural reforms in programmes agreed with the authorities. But it admitted mistakes were made here as well, particularly when it recommended Indonesia bank closures without giving investors adequate guaran-

The policy regarding guarantees now appears to have been ill-advised," it said, noting that the guarantee systems were different in Thailand and South Korea.

The IMF admitted it had probably been overly optimistic in its assumptions that the rescue deals would be able to restore market confidence. Delays in implementing the IMF programmes, large volumes of private sector debt and mounting concern about structural weaknesses had all unsettled investors.

The IMF said more effort should be made in future crises to "bail in" the private sector, ensuring that private investors also bore a share of the costs of rescue deals, although it was not clear exactly how this should be done.

ufacturing output that makes

up 85 per cent of total indus-

trial production was not in

increased at a slower rate

than the overall economy

last year, the main reasons

were lower exports and the

process of reducing excess

The Commerce Depart-

ment said that business

inventories in November

increased 0.4 per cent to a

seasonally adjusted \$1,088

trillion following a 0.2 per

cent advance in October.

Sales also rose 0.4 per cent

after a 0.3 per cent October

gain, implying a healthy bal-

ance in stocks of unsold

The picture remained

mixed for manufacturing in

1999 after a difficult year in

"There have been 252,000 manufacturing jobs lost since March and what this

output for the whole year

reflects is the damage from

South East Asia," said econ-

omist David Orr of First

Union Corp. in Charlotte.

1998.

inventories," he said.

"While it is clear that the

decline.

manufacturing

## Army to cut staff

## Israeli report warns of vulnerable shekel

TEL AVIV (R) — The Israeli treasury's chief economist warned Tuesday that despite high interest rates the Israeli shekel remained exposed to another sharp deprecia-

"The only thing that is unclear is when the big depreciation will come and what will spark it." Tzipi Galvam. who also heads the state revenues administration, said in a report.

The danger. Galyam warned, was that when Israeli interest rates come down, savers would move to sell shekels and buy foreign currency, pressur-ing the shekel exchange

High interest rates had also encouraged a resumption of foreign currency borrowing, she said.

The Bank of Israel hiked

its base lending rate by 4.0 percentage points last November to 13.5 per cent in a bid to stem a sharp depreciation of the shekel that began in October.

The shekel has since strengthened against the dollar to about 4.06 on Tuesday from a low of 4.36 in October. But interest rates remain high, both relative to domestic inflation and overseas rates. Most economists do not

expect the central bank to make any significant cut in rates in the first half of the vear, despite falling inflation, because of political uncertainty in the runup to elections on May 17.

The appreciation of the local currency, high interest rates and a return to low inflation, as we have seen in recent weeks. gives rise to a feeling a deja vu of the situation we had in September." Galyam said in the report. Galvam said the Israeli

economy faced uncertainty because of parliament's failure to approve the government's 1999 draft budget, and because of continued nervousness in world financial markets and weak demand among many of Israel's trade pariners.

The report said estimates for Israeli economic growth this year, currently at 2.0-2.5 per cent, may have to be revised downward because of the Brazilian financial crisis.

The report also cited political nervousness in the absence of progress on Israeli-Palestinian peace and the threat from Iraq.

"It is certainly possible that political uncertainty was among the factors that led to a decline in foreign investment in Israel." the report said.

The Bank of Israel said Monday that foreign investment fell some 40 pe rcent last year.

economic

army is looking to manpower cuts to make sayings in the current year, chief of staff Shaul Mofaz announced Tuesday. He told the parliamentary foreign and defence

Meanwhile, the Israeli

affairs committee the army would get rid of 250 career posts. 900 civilian employees and a thousand or so soldiers involved in non-combatant duties.
At least another 2,000

senior officers will go, including eight generals and 20 colonels who reach retirement age in the next few months. However,

Mofaz said combat units would be reinforced.

## Minister says Japan in 'economic crisis'

TOKYO (R) — A top Japanese minister said Tuesday the country was facing a national economic crisis and a major government report said there were no steady signs yet that the world's secondlargest economy was on the way back to health.

The nation's economy is in what might be called a national economic crisis as it faces its worst postwar recession. Economic Planning Agency (EPA) Minister Taichi Sakaiya told an opening session of parliament Tuesday.

Meanwhile. Minister Kiichi Miyazawa said in his speech to the legislature that with capital markets slumping. banks burdened with bad loans and concerns about employment rising, the domestic economy "is in an extremely severe

And the government itself, in a monthly report, acknowledged that at best. good signs were merely starting to emerge amid bad ones, whereas all signs used to be bad.

"Bright movements are

sporadically coming out. but such movements have not become a major stream," said Takashi Omori, domestic economic affairs director at the EPA's Research Bureau.

EPA. which The released the report earlier Tuesday, basically stuck to an overall assessment made last month, using the same phrase, "embryonic movements." describe signs of change within an economy still in a severe state.

Omori said consumer spending had stopped failing in areas such as minicars and consumer electronics products with reasonable price tags, but added: "It is not in a situation in which the embryonic movements have been spreading."

Amid the bleak tone of his cabinet ministers. Prime Minister Keizo Obuchi put on a brave face in his keynote speech, pledging to bring the economy back to positive growth next fiscal

"With a combination of various policies (adopted by the government) and efforts by the private sector. I am confident that the economy will recover to around 0.5 per cent growth in fiscal 1999." Obuchi said.

He said he would make utmost efforts to revitalise the economy by making 1999 "the first year of economic revival."

that while a fall in the number of corporate bank-ruptcies in October and November from a year ago was a positive sign for the economy, corporate capital spending, from small firms to large manufacturers, had fallen.

The Japan Machine Tool

Domestic demand for The EPA report also said

said.

A more hopeful note was struck in a report by Shoko Research, a leading credit research firm. which said debt from corporate bankruptcies in December fell 62.3 per cent from a year earlier to 1.02 trillion ven (\$8.9 billion), while the number of bankruptcies fell 30.8 per cent to 1,123 cases.

But an industry group said preliminary machine tool orders had fallen in December.

Builders Association said December orders received by machine tool manufacturers totalled 69.2 billion yen, down 29.7 per cent year-on-year.

the month fell 42 l per cent year-on-year to 313 billion yen while foreign demand declined 14.4 per-cent to 37.7 billion yea, it

The EPA's report also said job conditions had deteriorated, with Japan's unemployment rate reaching a record high 4.4 per cent in November, adding that a strong sense of uncertainty over the economic outlook remained. partly due to a recent rise in long-term interest rates.

EPA Minister Sakaiya tried to remain upbeat. saying the economy was showing more signs of improvement than it-had in the previous month. But clarifying a remark be made on Monday about the economy hitting bottom and starting to pick up by March, he stressed he had not said the economy had already bottomed out.

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### Foreign investment plummets in Pakistan

ISLAMABAD (AFP) -Foreign investment in Pakistan plummeted last vear, central bank sources have said, a drop analysts blamed on a row between the government and independent power producers.

and restrictions designed to prevent a capital flight after last year's nuclear

tests Total foreign investment during July to November last year shrank to \$155.5 million from \$470.5 million over the same period the previous year, sources in the State Bank of Pakistan said.

Foreign direct investment declined by 46 per cent to \$155.2 million from \$285.5 million during the first half of the current fiscal year ending June 1999.

The sources said portfolio investment almost disappeared, falling from \$185 million to \$0.3 mil-

#### November and the weakest struggling," he added, Dedof Manufacturers, said man-THE Daily Crossword Edited by Wayne Robert Williams

Chicago.

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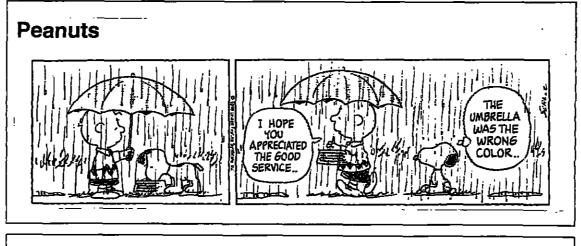
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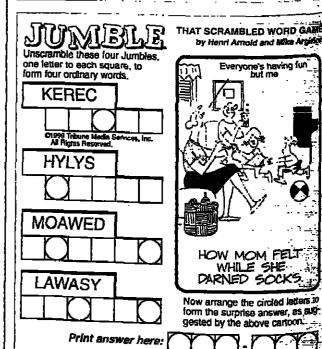


Mutt'n'Jeff





"Actually, high school math was useful to me later in life. The word 'algebra' got me 38 points in Scrabble."



Jumbles: LOFTY GUMBO

AIRWAY

What happened when the rooster was stopped

for speeding — THE FOWL RAN AFOUL

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attention to what's going on. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 19) Your primary interest has always been in taking care of others, but the others don't necessarily know that. You're always busy working, but they don't realise that you do it for them. Truth be known.

in for that promotion.

you may find it awkward to relate to other people. Its much easier to stay busy. But you know what? You can learn. AQUARIUS: (January 20 to February 18) The sun is going into your sign today, making you stronger, more confident, wiser and even more analytical than usual. And you'll be get-

ling gifts, possibly even today. Looks like something valuable is coming your way. Don't gloat. You could provoke lealousies and upset an otherwise amicable relationship.

PISCES: (February 19 to March 20) Some change is required, but the status quo seems pretty stable. If anyone can do it, you can. There's no shifting the bureaucrats from their Positions, but you may be able to find a way around them. If you present your idea clearly enough, others will be drawn to without even knowing why.

Birthstone of January: Garnet --- Rose Quartz

# A review of news from the Arabic Press

### Planning official prescribes mixture of economic policies to achieve goals

\*\* "THE MONETARY school under all circumstances is the weakest policy to deal with economic recession which is characterised by high unemployment rate." Yusuf Mansur, the head of the assistance coordination unit at the Ministry of Planning, said in a lecture. Noting that the inflation rate is stable, he also emphasised that the stability of the dinar exchange rate should be maintained because the dinar stability is one of the most important pillars of the economic reform programme.

Mansur explained that Jordan gives high attention to the supply side of the market or the production side which is based on rectifying production imbalances. Consequently, he said, that would improve/increase income, savings and investment as well as create employment opportunities, "However, the analyst should not forget that employment

one of the most misgivings about this school of thought is that it revolves over benefits in the long-term," Mansur said stressing that the fruits of this strategy cannot be reaped immediately and that its effects are minimal in the short-term. The senior planning official indicated that

the reforms recommended by the supply side strategy does not affect directly the worker's pay or the return on capital but rather affects the economy through improving the circumstances that later result in higher wages and better return. He said that this is a process that could be either long or short depending on the variable and the environment where the change occurs.

"At the same time, there should be a review of the policies related to micro-economy so that the amendments would have a direct effect on the economy through upgrading the real labour wages and capital," Mansur said. As such, he added, "what

**HOROSCOPE** 

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

By Linda C. Black, Tribune Media Services, Inc.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Your plans could be disrupt-

ed today, as you worry about a risk you're about to take. Your

intuition is better than usual right now, so listen to it. You may

not be accustomed to having intuitive feelings at all, but don't

worry. That's just your way of accessing information on a

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) The sun's going into

Aquarius today, in your solar 10th house of career and suc-

cess. Aquarius is the sign of science and research, which is

just what you need. Its not enough to be a good farmer. You

also have to understand agri-economics. And you know

what? You can figure this stuff out. You might surprise your-

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Your boss, or some other

older person you know, is stuck. This could be your golden

opportunity. If you can see a place where your talents can be

used, you can get the promotion. You could even create the

job. It'll take a little research on your part, but that's OK. Go

CANCER: (June 22 to July 22) The sun's going into

Aquarius today, and that could influence your money, specif-

ically money you share with others. Looks like there's paper-

work involved, too. You'd rather have a root canal than go

through the pile of papers you've already accumulated, but

don't panie. After you get into it, you may find you have a tal-

LEO: (July 23 to August 22) You're getting more attention.

but not much more money yet. Don't worry. One will lead to

the other. If you're a performer, you know how important it

is to get out in front of people, but you may be getting a little

tired of playing benefits. People are starting to task for you.

though, and that's great. Grab every opportunity you get, just

VIRGO: (August 23 to September 22) A friend keeps telling

you that everything is going to be all right. That serendipitous

attitude may be a little annoying. You think your friend doesn't fully understand the situation, but that's OK. That gives him or her a clear, generous, benevolent sort of attitude.

Instead of chipping away at that, embrace it.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 23) The sun's transit through Aquarius exacerbates your natural romantic tendencies. Your ruling planet. Venus, is also in there, and so are

Neptune, for fantasies, and Uranus, for electricity. And Mars

is in Libra now. That means you're a wildly passionate --- vet coolly intellectual - raging beast, inside. On the outside, its

SCORPIO: (October 24 to November 21) This is an excel-

lent day for romance, with a cuddly, quiet, gentle, loving. warm, compassionate type, probably a blonde. Just kidding.

Could be a brunette. It you've got somebody like that in your

life, chances are good you're in the mood for love, settling

down and raising a family. But first, perhaps you'd better put

SAGTITARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) There are

contradictory forces in effect today. One is pushing you

beyond what you've ever done, mentally. Physically, you

may actually be sick, but its more likely you've just got a lot

on your mind. This condition can be dangerous, especially if

you're working around machinery, so snap out of it. Pay

Wednesday, and you have to go to work.

ahead and put your brains to work.

subconscious level.

ent in this area.

for the practice.

the economy needs now is a dual application of economic policies whereby the process of reform continues as if the supply is all what we have of economic policies at hand and, at the same time, activate the demand side and other theories as if the

short-term benefits is all what is important." In other words, the market role should be activated for long-term goals and spending should also be widened, deepened and encouraged by the consumer, government or investor even if that has to be accomplished at the expense of higher indebtedness, he said. However, Mansur stressed that the spending should be directed to development projects with high return on the medium and long-term fronts to be able

to repay the debt and interest in the future. Mansur admitted that economic growth slowed down during 1996 and 1997 but noted that indicators improved noticeably between 1990 and 1996 as the structural adjustment and reform programmes are based on upgrading the supply or production side of the economy. Such upgrading covers liberalising trade and removing harriers, liberalising the capital market and the movement of capital and giving the private sector the fundamental role in economic activity. In addition, the upgrading includes formulating the necessary legislations to create an attractive, competitive and advanced investment climate and the adoption of exports promotion policy as the main

engine for economic growth. However, Mansur indicated that there remains a number of steps which have not yet been accomplished such as enacting new economic laws, namely, the antimonopoly law, and the privatisation process (Al Arab Al Yawm).

Revion to

cut up to

1,200 jobs

Revlon Inc. will slash up to

1,200 jobs, or seven per cent

of its work force, as part of a

plan to boost profits at the

The company also will sell

some excess real estate hold-

ings under the reorganis

ation plan announced recent-

ly. The efforts expand on

Revion's October announce-

ment that it would close

three international plants to

save costs. The restructuring

comes amid tough times for

Revlon, which is the best-

selling mass-market cosmet-

ies brand in the country

ahead of Procter and

Gamble's Cover Girl and

Revion has been hurt by

global economic turmoil.

especially in South America

Also troubling has been a

slowdown in orders from

U.S. retailers. Its biggest

losses have been at drug

stores, with merchants using

up existing inventory before

and Asia.

ordering more.

L'Oreal's Maybelline line.

struggling cosmetics giant.

### Outlook turns negative for major U.S., European banks

NEW YORK (AFP) -Standard and Poor's has revised its outlook downward for seven major U.S. and European banks, citing financial pressures persisting in emerging markets.

The financial rating agency lowered from neutral to negative its outlook for Citigroup, JP Morgan, BankBoston, Societe Generale, Banco Santander, Dresdner Bank and ABN-AMRO Bank.

At the same time, Standard and Poor's affirmed its current ratings for the banks.

The agency also placed under surveillance the AA-

Deutsche Bank and Bank of Nova Scotia.

"The seven outlook revisions ... are the result of continued financial stress in emerging markets. Events in Brazil are only the most recent manifestation of those problems, and are an indication that the problems are spreading beyond Asia," the agency said in a statement.

"The devaluation of the Brazilian real will put financial pressures on the indigenous banking system and increase the potential for credit losses at those overseas banks with size-

### Big oil companies brace for brutal earnings season

NEW YORK (R) - The weakest crude oil prices in 12 years have sporked massive layoffs and mergers on an unprecedented scale and now, big oil is set to report the largest percentage drop in annual earnings since

"1998 did not end soon enough for this industry." said Eugene Nowak, analyst at ABN AMRO Inc., who forecasts oil companies tourth-quarter earnings will be down 60 per cent from a year ago.

This has spurred a series of megamergers and a sign of the tough times is that Amoco Corp., once the fourth-largest U.S. oil company, will not feature this earnings season, having been bought by British Petroleum Co. Ple to form BP Amoco

This also will be the last

Evans said that the deal

would allow BAe to partici-

pate in the consolidation of

the defence industry "both

in Europe and later in any

stressing that "we have to

have an American partner."

Despite the backles that

the deal has raised in

Europe, Evans underscored

the unparalleled gains to be

made from the all-Anglo

tie-up, citing economies of

scale, unified selling over-

seas and increased export

businesses creates a compa-

ny with unrivalled global

reach, world-leading tech-

nology and the strength to

compete at all levels in the

world markets," Evans said.

The chief executive of

GEC. George Simpson, said

that "this is a shareholder-

driven win-win deal" that

would allow GEC share-

holders "participation in

consolidation

The combination of these

transatlantic

opportunities.

future

moves."

Corp., the second-largest U.S. oil company, which is being acquired by Exxon Corp., the world's largest publicly traded oil compa-

Yet as had as 1998 has been, some analysts are wondering whether 1999 will be any better. "Without belaboring how

pathetic the earnings picture was for the industry, the main point to make is that it does not look any better for the first half of 1999," said Michael Young, analyst at Deutsche Bank Securities.

Young predicted oil companies' earnings will fall 64 per cent in the fourth quarter and 50 per cent in 1998. from the year-ago periods. He also noted that 1998 estimates fell 58 per cent from the start of the year and said 1999 carnings could be 35 per cent below current estimates.

The companies that will post the worst earnings comparisons in the fourth quarter of 1998 are those with the greatest leverage to oil and natural gas, such as Atlantic Richfield Co. (ARCO), which also will suffer from the sale of its chemical operations, and Unocal Corp.
ARCO's fourth-quarter

carnings per share are seen down 96 per cent at five according cents. Deutsche Bank Securities' Young. He also projected that Unocal's EPS for the fourth quarter will be down

91 per cent at seven cents. First Call Corp., which tracks analysts' estimates, said it expects Unocal to earn eight cents a share in the fourth quarter, down 85 per cent from the year-ago period's adjusted operating earnings of 54 cents a share. Unocal's full-year 1998 earnings are expected to be 60 cents a share from 1997 adjusted operating earnings

of \$2.05. Lower oil weaker-than-expected production also will push Amerada Hess Corp.'s results to show a loss of \$0.93 per share, before a 50-cents-per-share inventory adjustment, according to ABN AMRO's Nowak.

Most analysts are looking for Amerada Hess to report a loss of 45 cents per share, according to First Call Corp., which tracks analysts' earnings estimates.

The oil industry also will be hit with a raft of writedowns due to the weak oil prices and charges associated with layoffs. Texaco Inc. last week

joined Phillips Petroleum Co.: Conoco Inc., which is still majority owned by DuPont Co.; Hess and Murphy Oil Corp. when it said it would take a \$350 million charge to cover layoffs, lower product prices and a drop in the value of its

Texaco also said fourthquarter EPS would be 13 cents to 16 cents.

Even refining and marketing, traditionally seen as a natural hedge for integrated oil companies, also is expected to be a negative. while chemical business earnings are slumping, due to weak Asian demand and overcapacity.

BT Alex Brown said oil companies' refining and marketing earnings are expected to fall 25 per cent from a year ago.

On the positive side, if such a thing exists in a miserable operating environment, this quarter will see earnings from Conoco. which debuted as a partly independent company after DuPont sold 30 per cent of it last autumn in the biggest U.S. initial public offering

Analysis expect Conoco to report EPS of five cents for the quarter and \$1.12 for the year, according to First

Companies with a balance between production and retining and marketing also are likely to report a smaller-than-average drop in earnings. Exxon is expected to report fourth-quarter EPS of 59 cents for the quarter, down 33 per cent from 88 cents per share a year ago.

There are some signs of a price recovery above the \$13-per-barrel level as inventories fall, although it will be the end of 1999 before the global surplus of 200 million to 225 million barrels disappears.

Analysts noted that capital spending cuts will result in one million barrels per day of U.S. production being locked in, which will reinforce output cuts from oil exporting nations, including the members of the Organisation of Petroleum

Schroder & Co. analyst Michael Mayer said economics may be on the cusp of a turn as inventories diminish, Asian demand recovers and production is shut in, due to lower capital spending.

Referring to the "new conventional wisdom" that oil prices will remain mired at the \$13-per-barrel level for years to come, Mayer said that opinion is just as flawed as the preceding view that oil prices had shifted to a higher range. Yet, the bears still remain

to be convinced.

"I feel we continue to witness the death spiral in the industry: earnings will be sharply below expectations. which will reduce cash flow, leading to draconian cuts in capital spending and reduced production. And so it goes on," said Deutsche's

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#### able cross-border and local /A-I+ notes of Spain's Banco Bilbao Vizcaya and currency exposure to that Standard and reiterated its earlier placecountry." ment under surveillance of Poor's said. BAe snaps up GEC-Marconi in first wave of European

LONDON (AFP) — British Aerospace (BAe) Tuesday unveiled plans to buy the GEC-Marconi defence electronies business to form the world's third biggest and Europe's biggest defence group worth more than 15 billion pounds (21 billion

euros, \$25 billion). The deal, which values Marconi Electronic Systems at 7.7 billion pounds, aims to create a powerful global player to engage the dominant U.S. producers Boeing and Lockheed Martin.

It is also intended to lay the foundations of a restructured European defence industry and a possible link with the United States.

However, the announcement was an immediate blow to BAe's former German DaimlerChrysler Aerospace (DASA), which said that any Anglo-German link was now "impossible."

BAe chairman Richard Evans stressed that he hoped consolidation would press on across Europe.

This merger represents an important step in the restructuring of the aerospace and defence industry in Europe," he said. The formation of the new

company, which will have an order book worth 33.3 billion pounds, is intended to achieve annual cost savings of 275 million pounds three after Management expect exceptional restructuring costs of

200 million pounds. Shareholders in GEC will be issued with 36.7 per cent of the new group's capital. GEC will then be left without its profitable defence arm and will focus solely on telecommunications

defence consolidation

consumer electronics. BAe said that "the merger will consolidate British Aerospace's position as a world class aerospace and defence company, which is expected to be the cornerstone for further consolidation of this industry in Europe.'

continue discussions with other potential European partners to achieve this." However, the initial

It added that it "intends to

response to the plans was DASA, which had held

intensive merger talks with BAe late in 1998 said that the deal "will make a merger between DASA and BAe impossible." DASA would he swamped by dominant British interests in such a grouping.

"This is not a European merger and it is likely to make the process of European integration more difficult," a DASA

spokesman said in Munich. French sources also said that the BAe-GEC deal ran counter to plans to create two pan-European core defence entities. focused on aeronautics and the other on defence electronics.

French defence electronies group Thomson-CSF, which had itself been hoping to strike a deal with GEC-Marconi, called an extraordinary board meeting for Wednesday.

The new company will initially employ 99.500 people, of whom 70,000 would work in Britain. BAc said that while job losses were inevitable, it would seek to keep redundancies

The companies hope the deal will increase shareholder returns by 10 per cent in three years. However, the market was cool to the news.

"We are concerned that they have overpaid for the Marconi assets," a specialist trader said. "The price is looking very toppy and the fit is not that brilliant."

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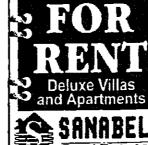
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# Drugs, cheating and giant-killing dominate Australian Open agano

Monica Seles, Martina Hingis and Andre Agassi demonstrated Tuesday how beautifully simple the game of tennis can be.

Jim Courier was more concerned about warning of the dangers of officialdom burying its head in the sand as the Australian Open became dominated by drugs, cheating accusations and giant-killing.

French Open champion Carlos Moya of Spain crashed out in four sets to Germany's Nicholas Keifer.

Former U.S. Open and Wimbledon finalist Cedric Pioline of France barely murmured as 17-year-old Lleyton Hewitt bounced him out. Six men's seeds failed to survive the opening round.

Anna Kournikova put her beauti-

MELBOURNE (AFP) - Steffi Graf, fully-manicured nails at risk when she played a game of Russian roulette while compatriot Yevgeny Kafelnikov's idea of nail-biting was an intense duel with Jonas Bjorkman which saw the 1996 French Open champion stab and feint his way past the Swede's multi-layered defence.

The 17-year-old Kournikova, who seems to care more about her appearance than her tennis, struggled embarrassingly.

If she had been playing anyone but American qualifier Jill Craybas. playing her first Grand Slam outside the United States, the 12th seed would have been back on the practice courts trying to work out her serve.

Because she served an amazing 23 double faults — 17 in her first five service games - on a windy, overcast

favour of Kournikova but it was difficult to say anyone had won a dreadful match. The 10th seeded Kafelnikov, who played an amazing 150 matches in 1998 — three times more than

The score was 7-6 (7/1), 7-5 in

Kournikova -- strode through 6-3, 6-2, 6-4 against an opponent who actually played seven matches more than him last year. It was Kafelnikov's fifth straight win over Bjorkman so he has obviously worked out how to beat him. He now plays Australian Jason

Stoltenberg in the next round and could improve on his quarter-final appearance here in 1995 and 1996. A third round encounter with former French and Australian Open champion Courier was on the cards.

exposing the drugs cheats. The former World No. 1, who has now slipped to 77th in the world following his back-to-back wins here and in the French Open between 1991 and 1993, won his opening match against Peter Wessels of the Netherlands, who is ranked 113th in the world.

But Courier was more interested in

The American went through 6-3, 6-2, 7-6 (7/0) and now plays Younes El Aynaoui of Morocco.

But of more immediate concern was drugs on the ATP Tour and Courier took the Association of Tennis Professionals to task for failing to grasp the nettle. There are some suspicious things

going on that I'm unaware of that are not being properly sourced out through our testing," he said. But countryman Todd Martin, pres-

ident of the ATP Player Council, would have none of it. "If there's an opinion it should be shared among the players and the

ITF, not the press," he said after coming back from two sets down to bbeat Brazilian Fernando Meligeni. The ATP called a joint press con-

ference with the International Tennis Federation on Wednesday to explain their drugs policy.

Petr Korda, last year's champion, who had unleashed the controversy by failing a test for anabolic steroids at Wimbledon last year, was involved in another drama.

His Spanish opponent Galo Blanco accused of him feigning injury when he sprawled onto the court as his left ankle buckled. Blanco felt it gave him time to get his breath back in the third set while play was stopped as he had his ankle taped.

And the Spaniard refused to shake his hand after losing - unheard of in tennis etiquette.

Courier raised suspicions that players were using the EPO drug which improves stamina by increasing red blood cell production.

The drug was at the centre of a storm which engulfed last year's Tour de France when eight of the 20 cycling teams pulled out after police



Anna Kournikova of Russia hits a return to opponent Jill Craybas of the USA during their first round match at the 1999 Australian Open on 19th January. Kournikova defeated Craybas 7-6, 7-5 (AFP photo)

raids discovered supplies of the drug. on to be unseeded as he had dropped to 20 in the rankings, refused to talk Korda, the first defending champi-

"But I want you to know I fight to Jamarar se end." he said, obviously abour know is which has gone the end." he said, obviously about his case which has gone to the Count of Sports Arbitration at Lausanne.

Agassi, whose belief in another Grand Slam triumph hardened after top seed Marcelo Rios of Chile pulled through injury, swept pass Hernan Gumy of Argentina for the loss of three games.

Women's defending champion Martina Hingis of Switzerland raced through her first round match 6-1,6-2 againt Lilia Osterloh of the United States. She now plays Elena Dementieva of Russia.

Graf, seeded 10th, was just as quick against Argentinian Paola Suarez, winning 6-0, 6-3, while sixth seed Seles was even quicker, breez. ing past Slovenia's Tina Krizan 6-1, 6-0.

Graf, who is fighting her way back to the top from a series of injuries. will play Austrian Barbara Schwartz in the second round with Seles taking on France's Alexia Dechaume-Balleret.

Seles is unbeaten at Melbourne winning on the four occasions she has played since 1991.

But the final word must go to Hewitt.

"I'm not really scared of anybody at the moment," said the teenager who could well be playing Agassi in the quarter-finals.



Andre Agassi of the USA hits a return to Herman Gumy of Argentina in their first round match at the 1999 Australian Open in Melbourne on 19th January. Agassi easily defeated Gumy 6-0, 6-3, 6-0 (AFP photo)

Carlos Moya of Spain hits a return to Nicolas Kiefer of Germany during their

first round match at the 1999 Australian Open in Melbourne on 19th January.

Moya won the first set 7-6 and play continues (AFP photo)

Tenth seeded Steffi Graf of Germany concentrates on a backhand return to Paola Suarez of Argentina during their first round match at the Australian Open in Melbourne on 19th January. Former world champion Graf won the match in straight sets 6-0, 6-3 (AFP photo)

### According to the players...

MELBOURNE, Australia (AFP) — Jim Courier is always good for quotable quotes .... On Michael Chang saying he needed a miracle to play Davis Cup this year: "Yes, well he would know if a miracle was going to happen. He seems to have a pipeline."

On whether he was surprised when Petr Korda was linked to steroid use: "He doesn't look like a steroid user, does he? Of all the players I would have suspected, he's certainly the last."

Russian pin-up Anna Kournikova says she's in better physical shape than ever after spending the offseason in the gym. "I am really happy with

my physical shape." she said. after wowing a packed court one. "I can move well. I can run well right now. I was

running every day and working out in the gym and looking after myself. eating a little bit more."

Trouble was she could not serve — whacking

down 23 double faults World No. 4 Pat Rafter has irked tennis officials here

with his casual court attire. The Aussie favourite. who says he was going for the beach look, wore a collarless shirt and dazzling floral shorts in his first round tie.

Officials immediately confiscated the shirt to see if it complies with tour regulations.

"I'm not quite sure if I'm going to get into trouble for that yet," Rafter said. "I was just trying to get the beach look going." Tour regulations demand

Seventeen-year-old Serena Williams says she'll be old when she's 22 but she'll be number one. "Five years from now -

I'll be 22. Wow, I'll be old," she says. "Five years from now I would definitely see myself at No 1, probably for maybe a little while. I'll just take school on and

off. Steffi Graf has thrown herself into a new cause off court, as co-founder for 'Children For Tomorrow."

It is a non-profit foundation aimed at implementing and developing projects to support children who have been traumatised by war or other conflicts.

The foundation aims to provide mainly African children, who have suffered through wars, persecution or violence with the necessary means of support and therapeutic help. Tournament director

Paul McNamee has denied a snub was involved in the decision to schedule Petr Korda's first-round match on court one.

Korda Australian Open last year but has been tainted by a drug scandal.

Defending champions are usually granteed the honour of a centre-court start, but MacNamee said the schedule was soley related to Korda's being unseeded.

The Barmy Army, England's ribald chicks fans, are at the terms, but they're more subdued than usual.

England were playing Sil Lanka at the nearby Melbourne Cricket Ground and the Army decided to come over and give compatriot — Im Henman their raucous sup-

"We can't be as barny here, we're more charmy than barmy," said David Edwards, on behalf of s group of 30.

Britain's big-senal hope Greg Rusedski was a odds with a loud mounted postman and an exame ballboy during his some sel win over Australian Sent

Draper. A man, whom Rusellin said he knew pretty well is a postman, was screamed unpleasantries at finite in between points, while the overkeen ballbox bouncing the balls so that they hit him in the standard before he asked himself. before he asked bristen take it easy.

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### Nagano bidders gave Samaranch samurai sword

TOKYO (AP) — Backers of Nagano's bid for the Winter Olympics gave International Olympic Committee President Juan Antonio Samaranch an ending change of Switzerlandic expensive samurai sword before the city was chosen, the head of the bidterloh of the ( committee said John blay fi

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The disclosure came a day after Nagano Mayor Tasuku Tsukada, a senior official of the bidding committee, said the bidders also gave an IOC official, whom he did not identify, a painting worth thousands of dollars.

un Barbara atte News of the gifts have surfaced since the Salt Lake City bribery scandal fueled questions about possible vote-buying during Nagano's successful bid for the 1998 Winter

> Gov. Goro Yoshimura, who chaired the bidding committee. said Tuesday that the sword was presented to Samaranch in person. Japanese media reports Inesday said the sword s given in 1991 and is eved to be worth about nillion yen or 2 million **(\$.9,000** or \$ 19,000). IOC spokesman Chapman said there

was no record that the of the Nagano Olympic sword was part of the "Samaraneh Collection," comprised of artworks. Olympic torches and other gifts Samaranch has received over the years. They are kept in an IOC storeroom in Lausanne, Switzerland.

"We don't have any record at the IOC that it exists," said Chapman.

IOC officials are not permitted to accept gifts of more than \$150, but Samaranch has said the rule does not apply to him because he does not vote in the selection of host cities. The IOC has said that Samaranch accepts gifts on behalf of the IOC.

IOC officials said Monday that their investigation of the Salt Lake City case will include bids by other cities in recent years. But Yoshimura said he was confident Nagano would turn up clean even if the IOC decides to investigate its bid.

"There are various reports about Nagano's bid, but we have never done anything wrong," he said. "Even if there is an investigation, I believe there will be no prob-

Also Tuesday, the head

organising committee and the education minister, who oversees Olympics, both said they

had no plans to investigate Nagano's bid Makoto Kobayashi, the director general of the Nagano Olympic organis-

ing committee, said he had no responsibility in what happened during the bid because that was "totally separate" from running the games.

"It's so annoying. The sparks from Salt Lake are falling on Nagano," Kobayashi said in an interview with The Associated Press in Tokyo.

The Nagano organisers, or NAOC, took over after the bidding committee disbanded in 1991, NAOC is set to disband in March. Kobayashi denied Nagano had money to dole out to the IQC.

"All we handed out were towels," he said.

Japan's education minister also dismissed the allegations of vote-buying as Nagano's problem.

"We have no intention at this time to investigate." Akito Arima reporters. "We have trusted the local communi-

## Villa join Chelsea at the top in England

BIRMINGHAM, England (R) Aston Villa moved back into joint top position in the English premier league with a convincing 3-0 win over a 10-man Everton at Villa Park on Monday.

Two superbly taken goals by Julian Joachim broke Everton's resistance after the visitors had defender Alec Cleland sent off in the 11th minute for a second yellow card.

Referee Neale Barry booked Cleland for tripping Joachim on the edge of the area in the 10th minute and the former Rangers full-back got his marching orders just 60 seconds later for a reckless challenge from behind on Dion Dublin.

Everton, with five men in midfield, set out to frustrate Villa, who needed a 5-0 win on the night to edge Chelsea out of top spot in the table.

They held their own for 40 minutes before Ian Taylor nodded back Lee Hendrie's freekick at the far post for Joachim to volley home off the underside of the crossbar.

Villa, who led the league for a long time earlier in the season, sent on Stan Collymore for the injured Dublin at the start of the second half.

The outcome of the match was effectively settled in the 50th minute. Hendrie, watched by England

coach Glenn Hoddle, slotted a perfectly weighted through-ball to Joachim who lashed another spectacular angled shot high into



Aston Villa's Julian Joachim jubilates after scoring his side's second goal in an FA Carling Premiership clash against Everton at Villa Park on 18th January (AFP photo)

the far corner for his 10th goal of the season. England striker Paul Merson

replaced Taylor in the 58th minute and celebrated his comeback after a seven-week absence through injury by firing Villa further in front 12 minutes from

Steve Watson headed back Joachim's deep cross for the former Arsenal and Middlesbrough forward to convert from five metres.

The only time Michael Oakes was tested in the home goal was to spare Gareth Southeate's blushes by tipping the Villa defender's attempted clearance over his own bar in the 42nd

Villa manager John Gregory saluted Joachim's match-winning display.

"He has been tremendous all season and keeps telling me: 'you have to pick me every week'. I'm certainly not really in a position to argue with that,

"We've played better but the result was all important," Everton manager Walter Smith criticised Clelands's dismissal. "It was an ill-advised challenge just after getting booked for the first time," Smith said.

"But it was a poor decision by the referee who never showed any character at all."

## pippen heading to Rockets n sign-and-trade deal

CHICAGO (AP) - Keep the door open, the exodus from National Basketball's Chicago Bulls is picking up speed.

With Michael Jordan trading gym shoes for golf spikes. Bulls are wasting little time strong up the six-time prions. Scottie Pippen will traded to the Houston ekets, with Steve Kerr and Longley following him out

The Bulls will sign Pippen to a five-year, \$ 67.2 million deal - with an additional \$ 15 milin incentives — and then fromptly ship him to the Rockets. In return, Chicago will get forward Roy Rogers and a second-round draft pick, said numerous league sources who spoke on condition of anonymi-

am excited about my new career in Houston, and even though everything seems to be changing, I hope Bulls fans is, are at the town everywhere will understand that v re more subtre it is time for a new era to begin Chicago," Pippen said ingland were plant Monday night in a statement nka ai the E released by his agent, Jimmy ound and the !

"Chicago has been my home for nearly half my life, and with family and friends here I will always treat the city as home. I only hope the city of Chicago will continue to treat me as one of their own. Thanks for all the great memories."

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is we're more an harm, sail Kerr, one of the best 3-point Britain's Russian A shooters in the league, will sign a five-year, \$11 million deal with the San Antonio Spurs, is with a loads according to a source close to the Bulls.

allbox duming and in the And Longley, the starting cenm mer Audus. ter on the Bulls' last three cham-A man whom to pionship tearns, was reportedly headed to the Phoenix Suns. ad he knew firm Postman, was at

According to newspaper reports, Longley will sign a live-year, \$30 million deal with the Bulls, who will then trade him to Phoenix for forward Martin Muursepp, forward-cen-



Chicago Bulls Scottie Pippen is leaving the Bulls for the Houston Rockets under the sign and trade provision of the league's new collective bargaining agreement, it was reported January 19. The Bulls will sign Pippen to a new contract for a reported \$67 million over five years, then trade him to the Rockets for Roy Rogers and a second-round draft pick. Pippen is shown during a press conference following practice in Chicago June 8, 1998 (Reuters photo)

ter Mark Bryant and guard-forward Bubba Wells.

The departures of Pippen. Kerr and Longley are only part of the bad news for Bulls fans. Free agent Antonio McDyess has crossed the Bulls off his list of potential suitors because he wants to play for a winner, his agent said.

Phoenix and Denver are now the front-runners in the McDyess sweepstakes, James Bryant told The Associated

"Houston and Chicago are out

of the picture," Bryant said. Tony has analysed the situa-

tion carefully, and he's most at home with those two options: Phoenix is going to stay a winner and Denver is going to be a

Bulls general manager Jerry Krause is keeping silent while he wheels and deals, but he said last week the Bulls had three options. If Jordan stayed, Chicago would try and bring back the championship team. If he left, the Bulls would try and sign their own key free agents and make a run at some of the others available.

And if those plans failed, the Bulls will rebuild completely. Chicago is still interested in

free agent Brent Barry. "Jerry is going to target key gents in terms of being a competitive as we can this year," new coach Tim Floyd

"If we are unable to get those guys, he will remain vigilant in his plans to bring it back to the level where it's been. But that could be a process.'

Judging by the Pippen deal. it's going to be. Although the salaries for Pippen and Rogers do not match, the deal is allowable under NBA rules because Houston will have enough salary cap room to fit in Pippen's contract. His salary for this season will be \$ 10.6 mil-

The deal won't be finalised the lockout ends Wednesday or Thursday. He should be in uniform for the Rockets when they play an exhibition game against San Antonio on Saturday.

"We're not going to confirm anything," Rockets spokesman Tim Frank said. "The lockout is technically not over. We're still under lockout restrictions. No deal can officially be done until that cloak is lifted."

Pippen, a six-time champion with the Bulls, is considered one of the top three free agents up for grabs as NBA teams prepare to open training camps delayed by the 6-month lockout. The seven-time All-Star forward had talked to the Rockets about signing with them as a free agent, and it wasn't immediately clear why he agreed to a signand-trade deal.

The acquisition of Pippen should clear the way for Charles Barkley to re-sign with Houston, giving the Rockets a formidable front line of Barkley. Pippen and Hakeem Olajuwon.

### Fans, family gather for party marking Ali's 57th birthday

LAS VEGAS (AP) - Fans and family of boxer Muhammad Ali gathered for an emotional 57th birthday party for the former champ Sunday night. recounting the ups and downs of the man who considered himself "the greatest." Among those on hand for the event at the MGM Grand hotelcasino was former heavyweight chamnon Mike Ivson, who defeated Francois Botha 24 hours earlier. It was Tyson's first fight since being banned from boxing 19 months ago after biting Evander Holyfield's ears in a 1997

Neither Tyson nor Ali spoke to the crowd, although both posed for pietures with fans and family invited to the private dinner party. Ali suffers from Parkinson's disease.

heavyweight championship bout.

He had shown his support for Tyson by appearing at Tyson's reinstatement hearing before the Nevada State Athletic Commission in October, and being on hand for his comeback fight. Longtime associate Gene Kilroy

recounted a time during the height of him I know you." The boy died three Ali's career when Ali learned a senior citizens' home was having trouble paying its bills. Kilroy said Ali gave the home two cheeks for a total of dirs-300,000. When he praised Ali for the good deed, Kilroy said the boxer told him: "Kindness to others is the rent we pay for our time on earth." And he' draft. recalled a time when Ali learned a 5year-old boy was dying of leukemia. He visited the boy before one of his fights and told the youngster "You'regoing to win your fight, and I'm going to win my fight." Shortly before the fight, Kilroy said Ali received a call that the boy had taken a turn for the worse. Ali and Kilroy drove two hours to the University of Pennsylvania hos-

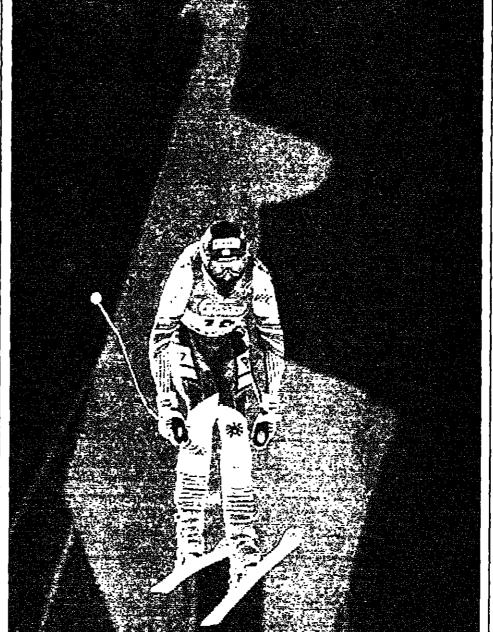
Kilroy said when they entered the boy's room, the youngster said "I knew you would come," Ali told the boy he was going to pull through and Kilroy said the boy responded: "Umgonna meet God and I'm gonna tell weeks later, Kilrov said.

A film traced Ali's life from his birth Jan. 17, 1942 in Louisville, Ky. as Cassius Clay Jr., to his 1960 Olympic Gold Medal and a career that was interrupted when he was stripped of his title for refusing to register for the

The brash Ali proclaimed "I am the greatest" and said his style was to "float like a butterfly, sting like a bee." Singer Gladys Knight, a longtime friend, praised Ali at the birthday dinner, noting one of her sons was named after him.

"He was not only the greatest outside, he was the greatest inside," she said.

Tyson then helped wheel out a birthday cake in the shape of a boxing ring and Ali helped cut the cake as the crowd chanted "Ali, Ali," Ali's wife, Lonnie, said her husband has been "an inspiration to everyone he has met and everyone he has touched from afar."



Fritz Strobl of Austria is airborne as he jumps past the statue of the chamois, a heraldic animal of the town of Kitzbuehel, during the first practice for the upcoming World Cup downhill races on the Streif slope January 19. Strobl clocked the fastest time in the train-

ing run of 1:55,44 minutes (Reutres Photo)

Thompson wins 3 golds

HOBART, Australia (AP) --American Jenny Thompson won three more gold medals at a World Cup short-course swim meet Tuesday, giving her nine over four nights at two Australian meets.

Despite complaining of tiredness on Tuesday. Thompson won the 100-metre freestyle. 100-metre individual medley and 50-metre butterfly. Her medley time was only 0.36 seconds slower than the world short-course record of 1:00.41 she set in Sydney on Saurday.

She won tive gold medals at the Sydney meet over two nights and one on Monday on the opening night of the Hobart programme.

South African Penny Heyns continued her edge over Australian Samantha Riley in the shorter breaststroke events, winning the 50 metres by nearly a second, Riley later held off Qi Hui of China to win the 200-metre breaststroke.

Ian Thorpe of Australia continued his mastery of the middle distance events, winning the 200-metre freestyle by finishing more than a second ahead of fellow world champion Grant Hackett. Michael Klim,

Australian swimmer of the year who set himself a particularly punishing schedule in an effort to swim back into form, showed some signs that his hard work is paying off.

Shortly after finishing third behind Thorpe in the 200metre freestyle, he finished second to Sweden's Lars Frolander in the 100-metre

### No big changes planned for race in which six died

the 1998 Sydney-to-Hobart yacht race in which six sailors died said Tuesday they plan no dramatic changes for this year's

Croising Yacht Club of Australia (CYCA) Commodore Hugo van Kretschmar said he tid not expect several inquiries into the fatal race, including the yacht club's own probe. lo force wholesale changes.

"Each and every year we run a review of the race and we try and identify things that went wrong, things that could be done better. Problems that arose and each year those things are input into the overall running." Van Kreischmar said.

I believe whatever changes do occur will incremental only, not wholesale

A six-member CYCA committee investi-

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) — Organisers for gation into last year's race would help the race grow in statute in the long-term, he said.

"I think the work of the review group will give people the confidence to go out there and take on Bass Strait again and I think if anything the race will grow in stature as a

The New South Wales state coroner, weather bureau and rescue authorities are running parallel inquiries into the race. Van Kretschmar said media criticism that

the CYCA, which organises the race, would not conduct an objective review of the disaster was unfair.

The CYCA committee was "unashamedly not independent"" but its terms of reference had been approved by the coroner, weather bureau, the International Sailing Federation and other bodies, he said.

Van Kretschmar said in the unlikely event

that the coroner and the CYCA team reached different conclusions, the coroner's verdict would rule.

"The CYCA will never ignore the coroner - we'd do so at our own peril." van Kretschmar said.

"We couldn't possibly dismiss the findings of the coroner if they differed from our own. The bottom line is that yachtsmen themselves have the most to gain or lose from the outcome of this process."

Van Kreischmar said a 101-question survey sent to all competitors would provide the basis for the committee's investigations. Three sailors from the Winston Churchill

yacht - Jim Lawler, Mike Bannister and John Dean, all of Sydney - died when fierce gales struck the fleet in the Bass Strait on Dec. 27 and Dec. 28.

India says foils bomb attack on U.S. embassy

Colombia rebels

suspend peace

قص قلوبيا طرباً .. وتبرق ومحط آمالنا وعنوان

توفيق كريشان وزير الشؤون البلدية والقروية والبيئة

والأمين العام وجميع موظفي الوزارة ورؤساء وأعضاء البلديات واللجان البلدية / ورؤساء وأعضاء مجالس الخدمات المتركة في جميع أنحاء الملكة